



Abstract

Currently, errors in medication administration and compliance are persistent problems in home medication. The goal of our project is to create a combined pill dispenser and cutter that is capable of administering set dosages of pills and half pills on a preprogrammed schedule. Over the course of a semester, we designed and built one module of our pill dispenser which will be used as a template for our final design.

Problem Statement

The goal of our project is to create a combined pill dispenser and cutter that is capable of administering set dosages of pills and half pills on a preprogrammed schedule. Our device must also alert the patient when a pill has been dispensed and off-site medical personnel if dosages have been missed.

Motivation

- •Errors in medication administration & compliance (1)
- •Polypharmacy is common for elderly and disabled population (3)
- Prescriptions are becoming increasingly expensive

Background

Current Pill Dispensers:

- •Either expensive or inadequate
- •No pill dispensers cut
- •Not all can monitor ingestion or alert caregiver when dose is missed

Current Pill Cutters:

- •Small, hand held devices
- •Uniform cutting not guaranteed
- •Work only for certain pill shapes/sizes/compositions •Cost-effective

Accessibility:

- •Must adhere to ADA specifications (2)
- Should eliminate disability-associated barriers

Design Criteria

- Accurately Dispense Multiple Medications
- Moderately Priced
- •Dispense Varying Doses
- •Precisely Cut Pills in Half

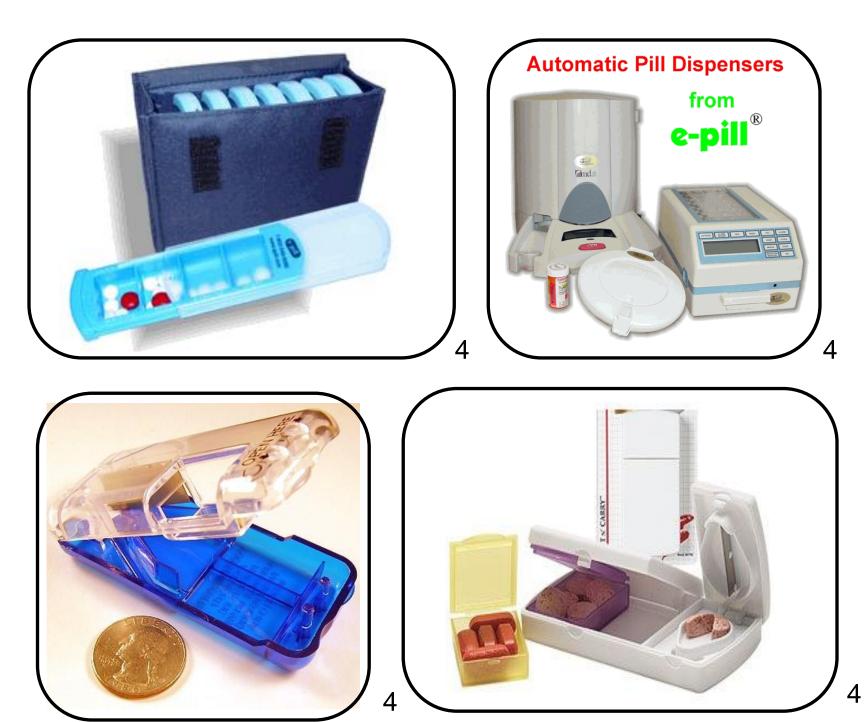
References

1. Osterberg, Lars, and Terrence Blaschke. "Adherence to Medication" Drug Therapy 353: 487-497. 2. "Americans with Disabilities Act Homepage". < http://www.ada.gov/>. Oct 2, 2007. 5. Actuators-Solenoids < www.societyofrobots.com/images/actuators_solo...>. 2007





J. Ferris, B. Fondrie, A. Huth, & M. Michalski **Advisor: Professor Naomi Chesler, UW-Madison, Department of Biomedical Engineering Client: Professor John Enderle, University of Connecticut** Local Client: Professor Mitch Tyler, UW-Madison, Department of Biomedical Engineering



•Should be operable by persons with multiple, varying disabilities (sensory-motor, physical, & cognitive)

- •Functional for Home or Clinical Environment
- Medication Alarm System
- Record Medication History
- Accessible Device

3. Salzman, C. "Medication Compliance in the Elderly." *J Clin Psychiatry* 56 (1995): 18-22. 4. "E-pill Medication Reminders". < http://www.epill.com>. 2004.

Professor Naomi Chesler, Professor Mitch Tyler, Professor Willis Tompkins, Andy Mulder, and Tom Yen

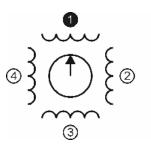
Pill Dispensing

Pill Funnel

Pill Drum

Pill nserts

Stepper Motor



Specs: Rated Voltage: 12 VDC Rated Current/Phase: 259 mA No. of Phase: 4 DC Coil Resistance: 50 Ω / phase ±7% (100 Ω / coil) Step Angle: 7.5° / phase Excitation Method: 2-2 phase (unipolar)



•Add sensors •Develop cleaning mechanism for residue on blade •Design computer program and interface. Construct 4 modules and housing for group of modules Test device for accuracy and ergonomics

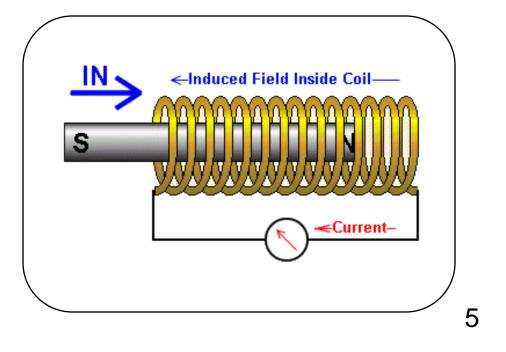


Future Work



Push style used to cut pill in drum Activated by a simple on or off switch

Rated Voltage: 12V DC Max Force: 80 oz Rated Current: 1.2 A



Tests	Shape	Pill Position	Applied Force (lbs.)	Resultant Force (Ibs.)
ntacid Tablet	Circular	2	2.5	4.64
ine n	Elliptical	2	5	9.29
Sodium	Circular	1	2.5	5.41
	Elliptical	2	5	9.29
00 + D	Elliptical	3	2.5	4.06
ssy coating)	Circular	1	5	10.8
s Multivitamin	Circular	1	1.25	2.71
etaminophen	Elliptical	2	5	9.29
S)	Circular	1	5	10.8

Maximum force = 10.8lbs

Average force = 7.37lbs

Parallax Basic Stamp 2 Microcontroller

•Contains processor, memory, clock, and interface

•Directs actions of stepper motor, solenoid-blade apparatus, and eventual sensors

•Programmable with Basic Stamp Editor using PBASIC language

Specs: Uses 5 – 15 Volt DC Source, 20 MHz processor speed

(~4000 instructions/second), 20mA source/ 25mA sink per I/O pin

