

Blinking Orbital Prosthesis

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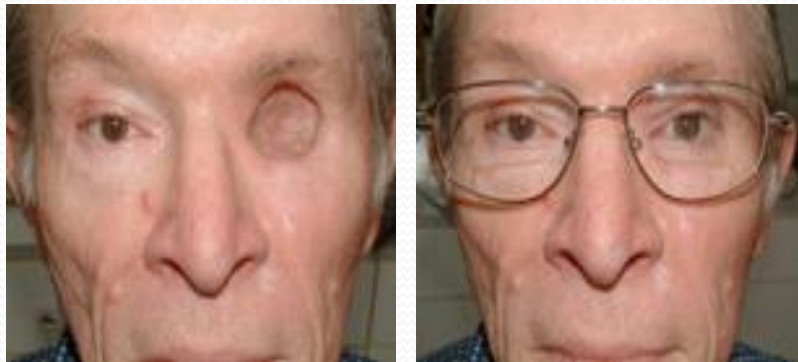
Background

- Prosthesis for the orbital region
- Causes
 - Cancer (retinoblastoma)
 - End stage glaucoma
 - Infection
 - Injury
- Different than ocular prosthetic



Background

- Polymethyl methacrylate (PMMA)
- Silicone-based material
- Recommendations
 - Glasses
 - Look forward



Problem Motivation

- Current prostheses
 - Analogue of natural eye and surrounding tissue
 - Personalized for each patient
 - Appear entirely natural
- Problem → all form, no function

Problem Motivation

- Blinking Orbital Prosthesis
 - Mechanical eyelids that rapidly open and close
 - Combines life-like appearance with a simulated blink
 - Brings a patient one step closer to normalcy

Current Technology

Static Orbital Prosthesis

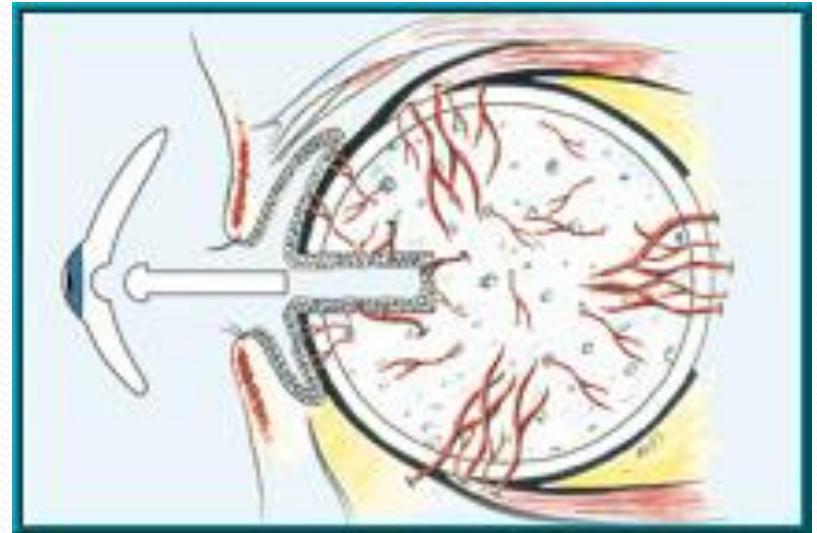
- Silicone orbital prosthetic
- Emulates eye and surrounding tissue
- Motionless



Current Technology

Orbital Implants

- Prosthetic eye
- Integrates with tissue in eye socket
- Provides realistic eye movement
- Only for eye, not surrounding tissue



Current Technology

Fall 2010 Blinking Prototype

- Creates eye blink by use of servo and IR LED sensor
- Design size, accuracy and noise levels need improvement



Design Specifications

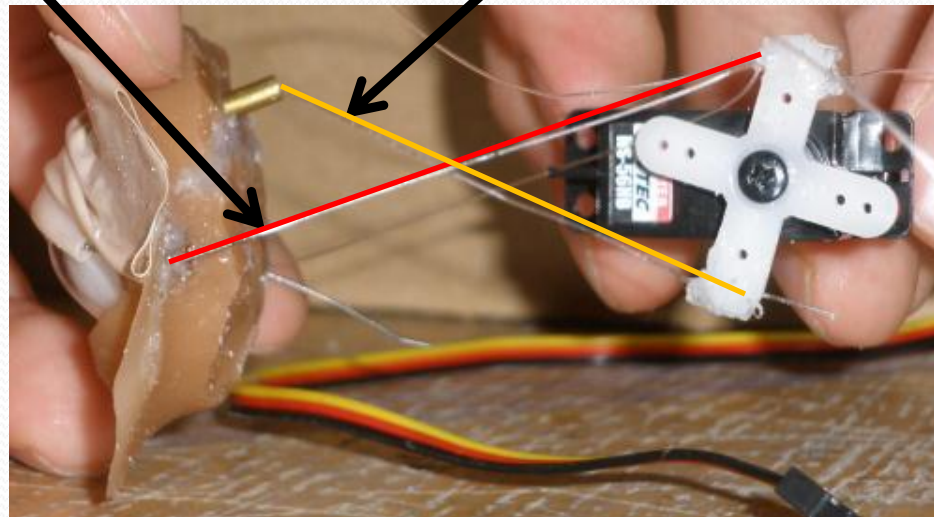
- Quiet
- Minimal vibration
- Small
- Easy to produce and maintain
- Life-like blink

Servo Motors

- Motor with position detection
- Current prototype
 - Embedded cord mechanism

Cord to close eye
(red)

Cord to open eye (yellow)



Servo Motors

- Advantages

- Fast
- Small size
- Interacts well with electronic detection method

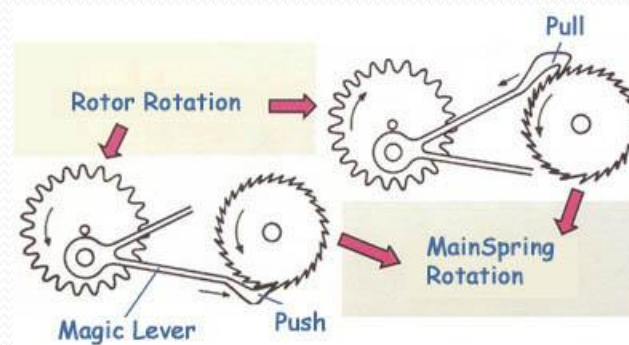
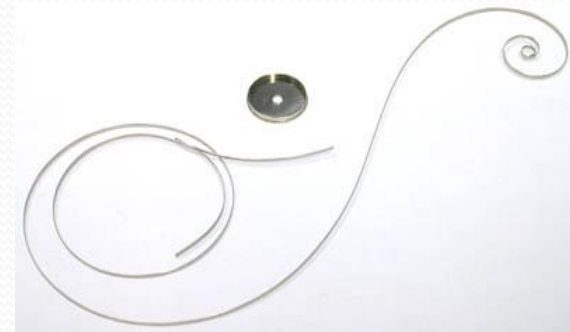
- Disadvantages

- Excessive vibration and sound



Automatic (self-winding) Watch

- Everyday movement to “self-wind”
- Powered by mainspring
- Rotor ratchets mainspring in both directions



Watches

- Advantages

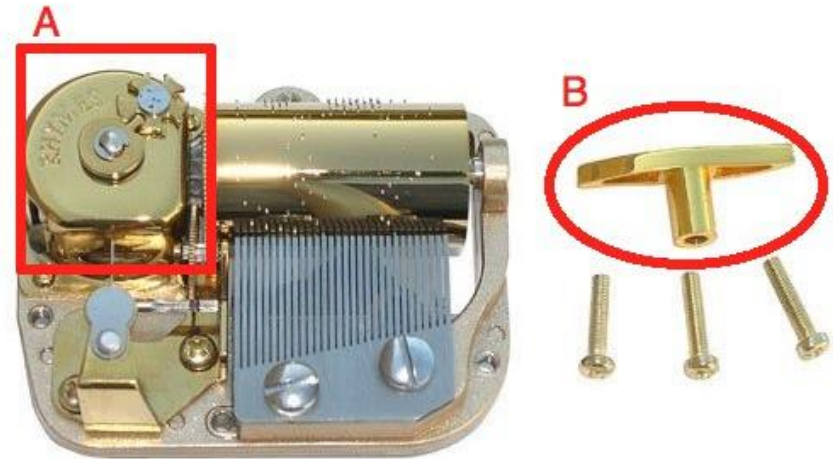
- Very small
- Fast movement
- Minimal maintenance
- No vibration

- Disadvantages

- “Tick tock” noise
- Expensive
- Difficult to modify

Musical Movement

- Key (B) winds spring contained within spring-housing (A)
- Unwinding of the spring causes a gear train to turn
- Governor (not visible) controls speed at which spring unwinds



Musical Movement

- Advantages

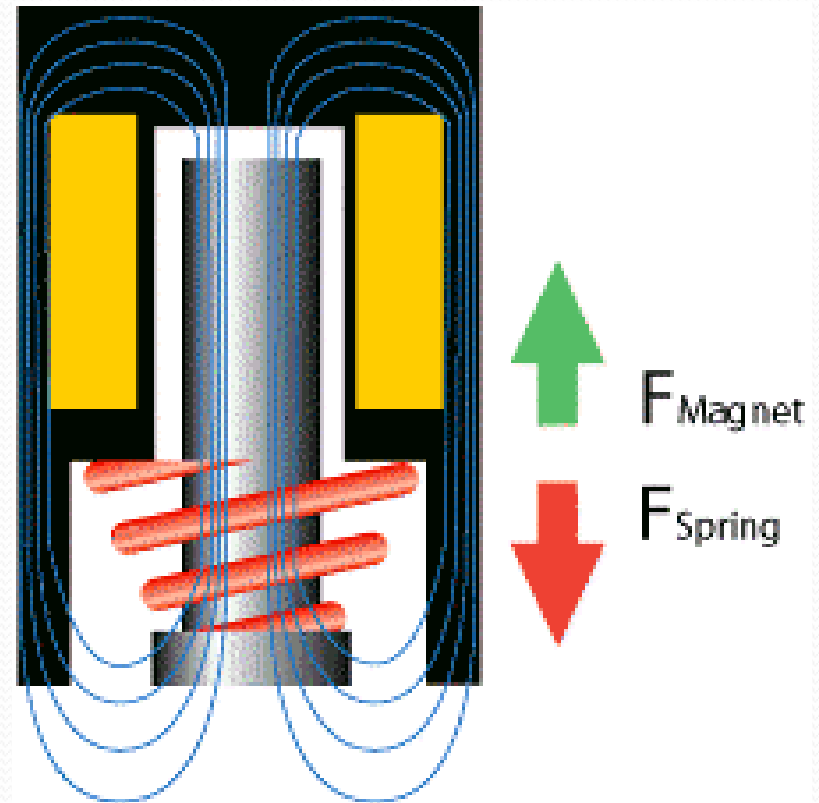
- Small
- Quiet
- Retains energy
- No vibration

- Disadvantages

- Requires regular winding
- Speed
- Extensive modification needed
- Price

Solenoid

- Push/pull Solenoid
- Provides direct linear movement for blink



Solenoid

- Advantages

- Simple integration of electronic signal to mechanical movement
- Small
- Sufficient force

- Disadvantages

- Variable delay time

Design Matrix

Category	Servo Motor	Music Box Movement	Self-Winding Watch	Solenoids
Speed (30)	30	15	25	20
Sound/Vibration (30)	0	30	10	25
Maintenance (20)	15	15	20	18
Ease of Production (15)	15	0	5	15
Cost (5)	4	0	3	5
Total (100)	64	60	63	83

Force Testing

- Force to pull cords tested
- Average of 3 trials
- Problems
 - Need larger force gauge

	With Lubricant	Without Lubricant
Opening	0.2320 N (+/- 0.0026)	0.6142 N (+/- 0.0186)
Closing	1.5256 N (+/- 0.0010)	Off Scale (>1.5680 N)

Future Work

- Testing
 - Force of a blink
 - Displacement of a blink
 - Synchronization
 - Longevity
- Cost
 - Cost of project to date: \$17
 - Estimated cost of final prototype: \$50

Acknowledgments

- Dr. Greg Gion (Client)
- Professor Thomas Yen (Advisor)



Questions?

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