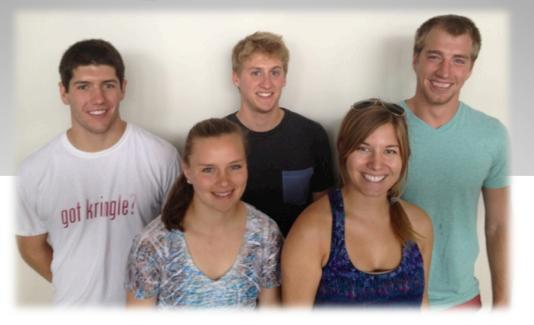
Expandable Nasogastric Tube



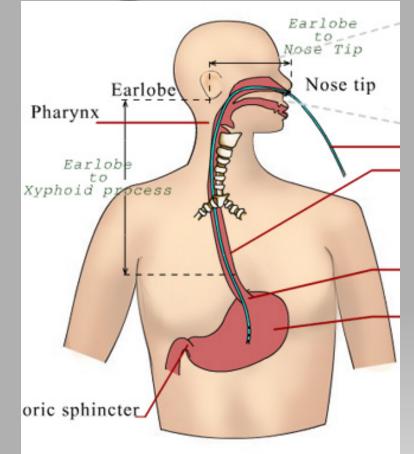
Mike Rossmiller, Sarah Czaplewski, Alex Broderick, Megan Halley, Darren Klaty

> Client: Dr. Steven Yale Advisor: Paul Thompson

Presentation Overview

- Background
- Problem Statement
- Existing Devices
- Client Requirements
- Design Alternatives
- Design Matrix
- Final Design
- Future Work

Background



- Aspiration of gastric contents
- Gastric decompression
 Special channel
- Inserted through nose
 Navigational process
- Premeasured
- Can stay in patient for extended period
 - Attached to patient

Problem Statement

- Large gauge tube causes discomfort for patient
- Sufficient physician skill is required for proper insertion
- Need for X-ray adds medical costs
- Outdated with readily available medical resources

Current Devices



- 2 Lumen Venting and Suction Drainage
- Made of PVC, PU, or Silicone
- 12-18Fr (4-6mm)
- Radio opaque strip
- Closed and weighted tip for guidance

Client Requirements

First Priority:

- Patient comfort during insertion
- Enable aspiration of stomach/small bowel contents
- Increase ease of insertion for the physician

Second Priority:

- Incorporating an anesthetic or lubricating agent
- Provide a method of confirmation of tube placement
 - X-ray
 - pH sensor
- Think Green!
 - Recyclable element incorporation

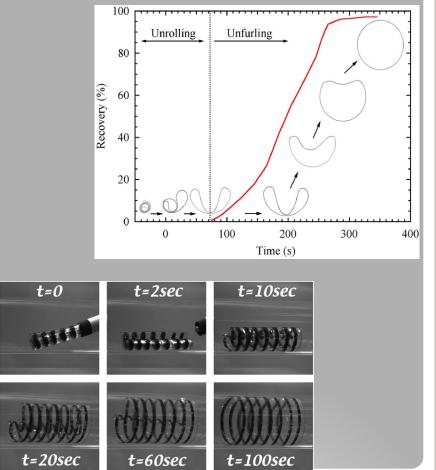
Design 1: Sleeve with folded inner tube

- Outer sleeve—small OD
- Inner sleeve—large ID
- Silicone rubber
- Pros
 - Manufacturing
 - Easily accommodates pH sensor
- Cons
 - Ease of use?
 - Material properties



Design 2: Shape Memory Polymer

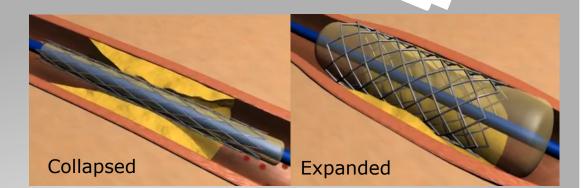
- Thermoplastic polyurethane
 - Permanent shape = 6 mm OD
 - Temporary shape = 3 mm OD
 - Transition temp = 35°C
- Pros
 - Adequate expansion
 - No extra sheath
- Cons
 - Expensive
 - Advanced chemistry/ processing
 - Expansion time unknown



Yakacki et al. 2007

Design 3: Coated Stent

- Stainless steel wire coated with polyurethane
- Inserted in collapsed shape
- Expanded via balloon mechanism
- Pros
 - Adequate expansion
 - Resistant to collapse
- Cons
 - Expensive
 - Shortens
 - Rigidity



Design Matrix

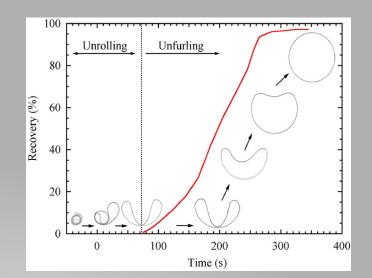
Category	Weight	Shape Memory Polymer	Sleeve	Stent	Current
Cost	20	8	15	0	19
Expandability	20	16	15	19	0
Long-term Manufacturability	10	7	7	5	8
Short-term Manufacturability	10	2	6	1	8
Customizability	15	4	12	8	9
Stiffness	15	15	13	15	15
Ease of use	10	9	4	6	8
Total	100	61	72	54	67

Final Design



Future Work This Semester

- Material of Sleeve
- Design of Interior Tube
 - Material
 - Folding pattern
 - Heart
 - Twisted octagon
 - Rolled design



Future Work Next Semester

- Manufacturing
- Attachments to Sleeve
 - Ph monitor
 - X-ray wire
- Full Length Testing
- How to Lock inner tube into Sleeve during Insertion

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- Melissa Gershke
- Mary Sue Opay

Sources

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