Ultrasound Probe Holder to Facilitate Peripheral Nerve Block Procedures

Client: Dr. Thomas Kloosterboer Department of Anesthesiology, University of Wisconsin-Madison Medical School

motivation

Peripheral nerve blocks are a method currently used by anesthesiologists to inhibit sensations of pain in an entire limb during a surgical procedure. Our client performs this procedure on a regular basis with the aid of a portable ultrasound machine and requested that our team design a device able to serve as an additional hand in the pre-/post-operative room.



Figure 1. Brachial plexus nerve block procedure illustrating proper probe angle and placement (New York School of Regional Anesthesia).



Figure 2. ultraStand[™] adjustable arm probe positioning system (Wellan Medical Inc.).

design constraints

- Attach to the articulating arm [ultraStand[™]] produced by Wellan Medical
- Securely hold probes of varying shapes and sizes made by SonoSite and GE
- Small enough to be easily gripped with one hand
- Figure 3. Various styles of SonoSite[™] probes (SonoSite Inc.)
- Produce a force large enough to prevent rotation or movement of the probe in the clamp
- Prevent deformation of the probe itself



Team Members: Sara Karle, Michele Lorenz, Emily Maslonkowski, and Ashley Matsick

abstract

Our project began with the design of an adjustable arm system meant to facilitate peripheral nerve block procedures. In early March of 2007, a collaboration of engineering alumni from Dartmouth University and physicians at Dartmouth Hitchcock Medical Center went public with a product designed to accomplish the same goal. Following this announcement, our client expressed interest in purchasing this device (known as the "ultraStand™") but desired a redesign of the probe holder. During the second half of the semester, we developed a strong candidate for this design and began construction of an oversized prototype based on a ratchet-and-pawl mechanism. Future work will incorporate client feedback to improve design components and will involve miniaturization of the device.





current prototype

- Skeleton of oversized prototype made of 1/4" polycarbonate
- Ratchet-and-pawl mechanism (stainless steel) offers stepwise closure and prevents unwanted opening of holder when in use • Polyethylene foam (3/4") cradles probe







- A: Pawl
- B: Ratchet
- C: Foam
- D: Side supports



<open position>

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background

- > placement of probe
- insertion of needle
- > injection of anesthetic

future work

- Discuss aspects of current prototype with client satisfaction with mechanism > suggestions for ergonomics ideal materials

- Ensure compatibility with various probe shapes/sizes
- Pursue professional manufacture of smaller device
- Consult WARF about licensing and patenting issues



<http://www.nysora.com/techniques/ultrasound2/>

- Ultrasound imaging facilitates anesthesia placement that is safer and more efficient
 - > without ultrasound, procedures are guided by
 - skin surface markings and are only ~ 80% successful

• Simultaneous tasks often required: > threading of catheter (sustained anesthetic release)





- Anesthesia: A look at local, regional and general anesthesia. 2006. The Mayo Clinic. 2 March 2007.
- MicroMaxx Transducers. 2007. SonoSite Inc. 10 March 2007. < http://www.sonosite.com/content/view/358/555/> Ultrasound-assisted Nerve Blocks. 2006. New York School of Regional Anesthesia. 24 March 2007.
- ultraStand[™] Probe Positioning System. 2007. Wellan Medical, Inc. 15 March 2007. <http://wellanmedical.com/ultrastand/>