# **Microscope Cell Culture Incubator**

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Figure 1: Cell Culture Plates [1]





# **Background Information**

- **Client:** Dr. John Puccinelli; Associate Chair of the Undergraduate Program
- Cell Cultures
  - Lab method for the use of studying cell biology, replicating disease mechanisms, and investigating drug compounds [2]
  - Use both primary, transformed, and self-renewing cells
- Incubators
  - Replicate cells' natural conditions in order for optimal growth
    - Natural Cell Environment 37°C, pH = 7.2-7.4, 95% humidity [3]
  - Cost: \$500-\$40,000 [4]
- Live Cell Imaging
  - Allows researchers to continually view cell development
  - Need incubator on a microscope in order to keep cells alive for imaging

Figure 2: On-stage incubator [4]





# **Problem Statement**

- Purpose: Develop a low cost cell culture \* incubation chamber that fits on a microscope stand (<310x300x45mm), does not interfere with the lens optics, and is capable of live cell imaging.
- \* Current commercially available systems
  - Sometimes result in evaporation from  $\succ$ low volume cultures
  - Expensive  $\succ$
  - Too large  $\succ$
  - Enclose the entire microscope  $\succ$



Figure 2: Cell Culture Procedure [5]



# **PDS Summary**

#### Performance requirements:

- Compatible with an inverted microscope in both size and function
- Maintain an internal environment of 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub>, and 95-100% humidity

#### Safety:

• Biosafety Level 1 Standards [6]

#### Accuracy and Reliability:

- Temperature of  $37^{\circ}C \pm 0.5^{\circ}C$ , humidity of >95%, and CO<sub>2</sub> levels of 5% ± 0.1%
- Maintain internal environment for at least 1 week

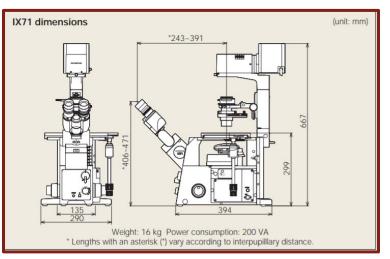


Figure 3: Measurements of Inverted Microscope [7]



# PDS Summary cont.

Size:

- Incubator < 310x300 mm with a thickness < 45 mm</li>
  Materials:
- Transparent top and bottom surfaces

#### Target Production Cost:

• <\$100

#### Competition:

- Previous BME 200/300 design projects
- Portable Live-cell Imaging Box ~ \$400 materials
- Elliot Scientific and OkoLabs Stage Top Incubators[4] ~ \$400-\$1,000

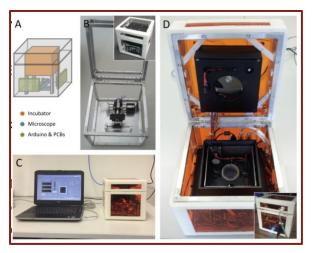


Figure 4: Portable Live-Cell Imaging Platform [8]

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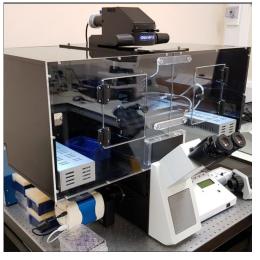


Figure 5: Elliot Scientific Stage Top Incubator [4]

# Fall 2021 Work

#### **Fabrication**

- 3D printed PLA plastic via UW-Makerspace
- Thermistor was used for temperature and humidity
- NDIR CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor used for CO<sub>2</sub> percentage reading

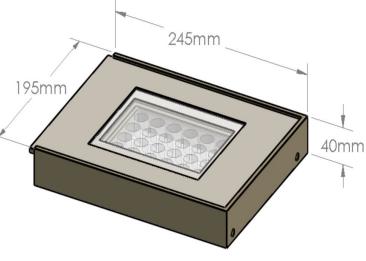


Figure 6: Final Prototype CAD drawing

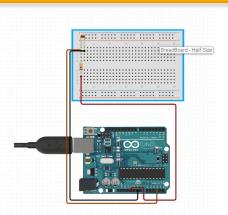


Figure 7: Thermistor Circuit Diagram

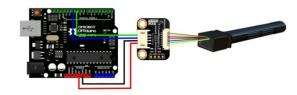


Figure 8: CO<sub>2</sub> Circuit Diagram





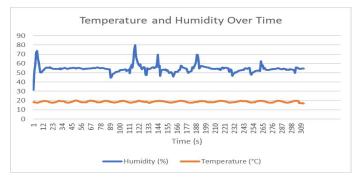
# Fall 2021 Work

#### <u>Results</u>

- Temperature constant at 20°C
- Optical Analysis showed minimal difference in the optical clarity of the microscope with and without the glass plate covering

#### <u>Conclusions</u>

- Materials were not producing desired results
- Glass is usable
- Humidity calculations were not accurate



#### Figure 9: Temperature and Humidity Results

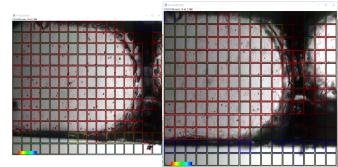


Figure 10: Optical analysis from ImageJ of microscopic cells with glass (left) and without glass (right)

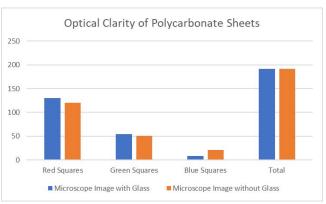


Figure 11: Optical Analysis of Polycarbonate Sheet Results



#### Preliminary Design #1 Hinge Top Acrylic Incubator

#### Strengths:

- Tightly sealed
- Lowest in Cost
- Allows for copper tubing and 1L water bed for thermal conductivity

#### Weaknesses:

- More sources for problems
- Most fabrication

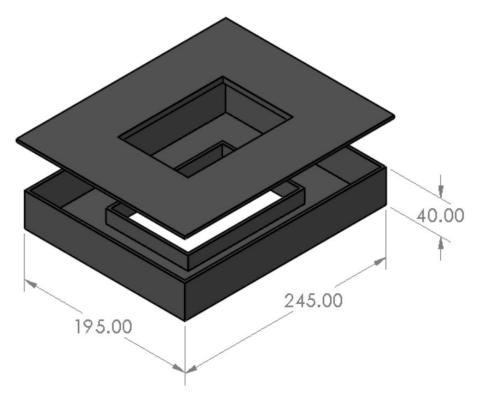


Figure 12: Solidworks Image of Preliminary Design #1 (all units in mm)



# Preliminary Design #2

Slide Top Acrylic Incubator

### Strengths:

- Similar concept as last semester design
- Less internal environment lost if someone had to check the inside
- Allows for copper tubing and 1L water bed for thermal conductivity

#### Weaknesses:

• Not completely sealed

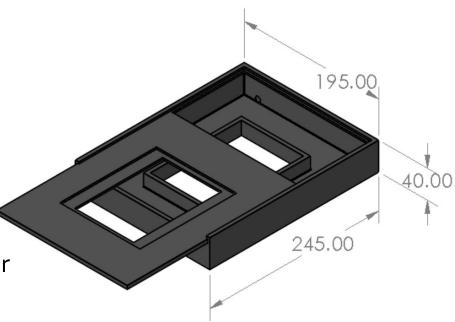


Figure 13: Solidworks Image of Preliminary Design #2 (all units in mm)



# Preliminary Design #3

**3D Printed Incubator** 

## Strengths:

- Easy fabrication
- Reusable SOLIDWORKS file
- Allows for copper tubing and 1L water bed for thermal conductivity

#### Weaknesses:

- Cost
- Potential for leaking
- Brittle Material

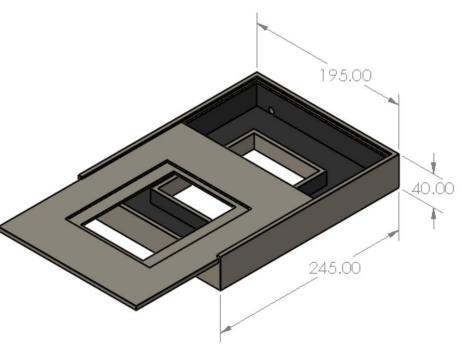


Figure 14: Solidworks Image of Preliminary Design #3 (all units in mm)



# **Design Matrix**

- Internal Environment: 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub>, and 95-100% humidity
- Microscope compatibility: product < 310x300x45mm
- Accuracy and Reliability
- Ergonomics
- Cost: <\$100
- Life in service: up to one week
- Safety

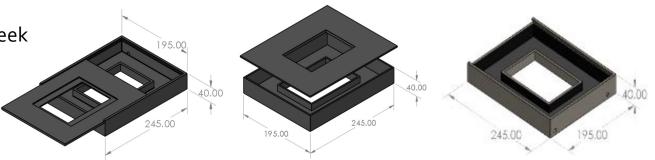


Figure 15: Solidworks Images for Preliminary Designs #1-3 (all units in mm)



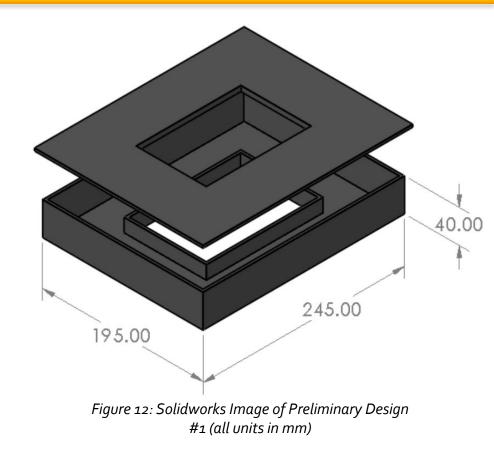
## **Design Matrix for Fabrication**

			Hinge Top Acryllic Incubator		Slide Top Acryllic Incubator		245.00 3D Printed Incubator	
Rank	Criteria	Weight	Score (5 max)	Weighted Score	Score (5 max)	Weighted Score	Score (5 max)	Weighted Score
1	Internal Environment	25	5	25	4	20	4	20
2	Microscope Compatibility	20	5	20	5	20	5	20
3	Accuracy and Reliability	20	4	16	4	16	3	12
4	Ergonomics	15	5	15	5	15	5	15
5	Cost	10	4	8	4	8	3	6
6	Life in Service	5	5	5	5	5	4	4
7	Safety	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
	Sum	100	Sum	94	Sum	89	Sum	82
		* All box o	limesions are in mi	limeters				



# **Proposed Final Design**

- Design #1
- Use of copper pipe for thermal conductivity
- 1L waterbed
- Compatible with Thermistor, NDIR CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor





# **Future Work**

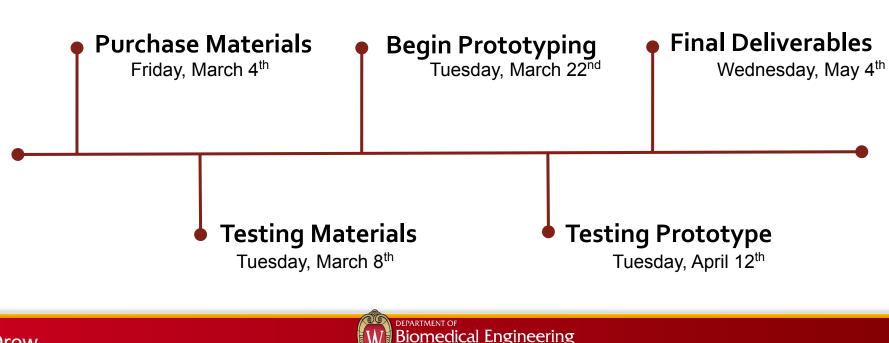
- 1. Laser cut acrylic to fabricate the box
- 2. Order materials
- 3. Copper Tubing
- 4. Develop CO<sub>2</sub> input
- 5. Conduct thorough testing



Figure 16: UW MakerSpace Logo [10]



# **Upcoming Project Goals**



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# **Special Thanks**

Dr. John Puccinelli Melissa Kinney **BME** Department





## References

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- 9. UW MakerSpace. .



# Questions?

