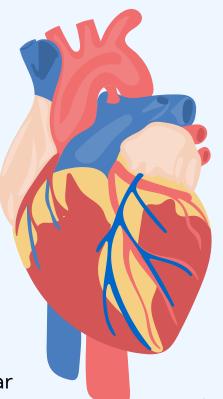
Stabilizer Device for Intracardiac Echocardiography (ICE)

to Assist Structural Heart Interventional Procedures

BME 402 Sara Morehouse, Max Aziz, Noah Hamrin, Kaden Kafar



OUTLINE

- Problem, Background, & Design Constraints
- Broader Impact
- Current Design/Prototype
- Previous Testing
- Fabrication Timeline
- Testing Timeline
- Marketing
- Budget
- Journal
- References
- Acknowledgements & Questions



PROBLEM STATEMENT

- Dr. Amish Raval –
 client/Interventional Cardiologist
- ICE Catheter instability
- Current method is wet towel or have a tech hold it
- Device must hold all types of ICE catheters and adjust it slightly



Figure 1: ICE Catheter [1]



BACKGROUND



Figure 2: 4D ICE Catheter insertion [2]

- Imaging Catheter
- Small, precise and clear images
- Femoral vein to inferior vena cava to see either right or left atria or ventricles [3]
- Patient is awake but local anesthesia
- Process efficiency



DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS

- Adjustable support fixture for ICE catheter
- Allow for use of ICE handle controls
- Adjustable height: 22.8 cm to 34.3 cm
- Material must withstand ethylene oxide, gas, or heat sterilization [6]
- Compatible with many models and brands of ICE catheter
- Must be able to keep the catheter secured from load of 2 N
- Manufacturing costs < \$300



COMPETING DESIGNS



Figure 3: Abbott MitraClip Catheter with Stabilizer [4]

- Catheter held in place with screws
- Non-adjustable angled placement

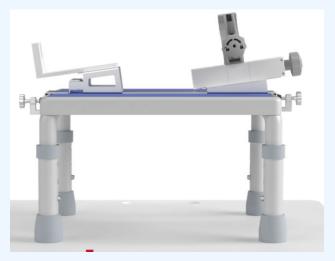


Figure 4: Edwards EVOQUE Stabilizer, base, and plate [5]

• 3 components



CURRENT DESIGN

Polylactic Acid (PLA) 3D printed prototype

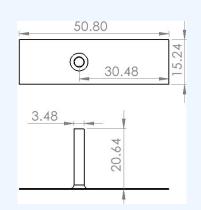
Height adjustable via pole clamp

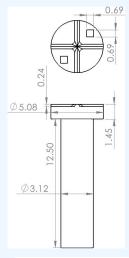
Top part magnetically secures to middle

part across

sterile drape

 Straps were not included on this prototype





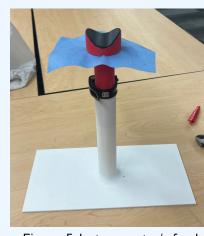


Figure 5: last semester's final prototype

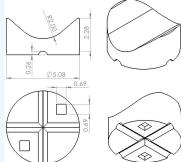


Figure 6: Solidworks drawings of top part (right), middle part (top), and base (left)



PREVIOUS TESTING

Catheter Saddle Dislodging Force Testing:

- Bending, torsional, & tensile forces
- Device vs wet towel (current method)
- p-value < 0.001 for torsional & tensile loading

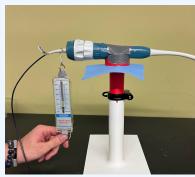
Weld Stress Concentration Analysis:

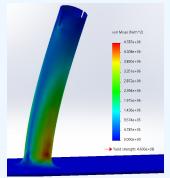
- Transverse 38 N load applied to top of shaft
- ASTM 4130 Steel (annealed) $[S_Y = 460 \text{ MPa}, S_U = 560 \text{ MPa}]$
- Highest stress: 4.8 MPa
- FOS: 96.3

Surgical Drape Tensile Testing:

• Load required to tear drape: 100.23 N









	Young's	Max Load	Max
	Modulus (MPa)	(N)	Strain
Average	7.65 ± 0.95	100.23 ± 8.33	0.55 ± 0.07



FABRICATION TIMELINE

2 3

Design

- Straps
- Magnetic modules for various heights

Plan

- Updated 3D model
- CNC & welding protocol

Fabricate

- CNC & welding
- Stainless steel



TESTING TIMELINE

2 3

Magnet Validation

Ensure
 compatibility
 between magnets
 and
 echocardiography

Revised Force Testing

Updated prototype

User Feedback

- Direct assessment of design criteria
- Physician & cath lab personnel



MARKETING & PACKAGING

- Corrugated box
- PE closed foam inserts
- Individually wrapped components
- Labeled and Documented
- Top component sterile



Figure 7: Medical Device Packaging



BUDGET

• Budget: \$1000

Manufacturing Budget: \$300

• Product Cost: \$143.21

Item	Total Cost	Fraction	Cost
Quick release clamp	\$8.99	100.00%	\$8.99
(2) 1/4x1/4x1/4 magnets	\$5.14	100.00%	\$5.14
(2) 1/4x3/4x1/4 magnets	\$13.52	100.00%	\$13.52
Rubber straps	\$9.99	4.17%	\$0.42
Adhesive rubber	\$12.98	1.67%	\$0.22
1-3/8" OD shaft - 1ft long	\$29.37	70.83%	\$20.80
Sheet metal 4130 easy-to-weld steel 6"x36"	\$63.80	55.56%	\$35.45
4130 steel rod 2"x1ft	\$88.65	58.33%	\$51.71
3D print	\$6.97	100.00%	\$6.97
Total			\$143.21

Table 1: Costs Spreadsheet



JOURNAL

- Biomedical Materials and Devices
 - Published by Springer
 - Sections
 - Abstract
 - Introduction
 - Methods
 - Results
 - Discussion
- Manufacturing innovations and clinical translations of devices
- Recommended by Dr. Raval



REFERENCES

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- [2] "AcuNav Lumos 4D ice catheter," AcuNav Lumos 4D ICE Catheter Siemens Healthineers USA, https://www.siemens-healthineers.com/en-us/ultrasound/cardiovascular/acunav-lumos-catheter (Accessed Oct. 1, 2024).
- J. Garg et al., "Intracardiac echocardiography from coronary sinus," Journal of cardiovascular electrophysiology, https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC9828028/#:~:text=2%20%2C%203-,Standard%20ICE%20imaging%20includes %20placing%20the%20catheter%20in%20the%20right,%2C%20via%20the%20transseptal%20approach). (Accessed Oct. 1, 2024).
- [4] Abbott, "MitraClip Procedure | Mitral Regurgitation Treatment," MitraClip, 2019. https://mitraclip.com/. (Accessed Oct. 1, 2024).
- [5] "EVOQUE Tricuspid Valve Replacement," Edwards.com, 2014. https://www.edwards.com/healthcare-professionals/products-services/evoque-tricuspid-valve-replacement-system. (Accessed Oct. 1, 2024).
- [6] Z. B. Jildeh, P. H. Wagner, and M. J. Schöning, "Sterilization of Objects, Products, and Packaging Surfaces and Their Characterization in Different Fields of Industry: The Status in 2020," physica status solidi (a), vol. 218, no. 13, p. 2000732, Mar. 2021, doi: https://doi.org/10.1002/pssa.202000732. (Accessed Oct. 1, 2024).