

# Inflatable Vertebral Body Distractor



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# Overview

- Introduction
- Problem Statement
- Current Designs
- PDS
- Proposed Designs
- Design Matrix
- Final Design
- Future Work

# Problem Statement

**The goal of this project is to develop a minimally invasive inflatable vertebral body distractor for the lumbar region of the spine that can be easily manipulated and will not cause spinal fractures.**

# Background - The Spine

## Anatomy

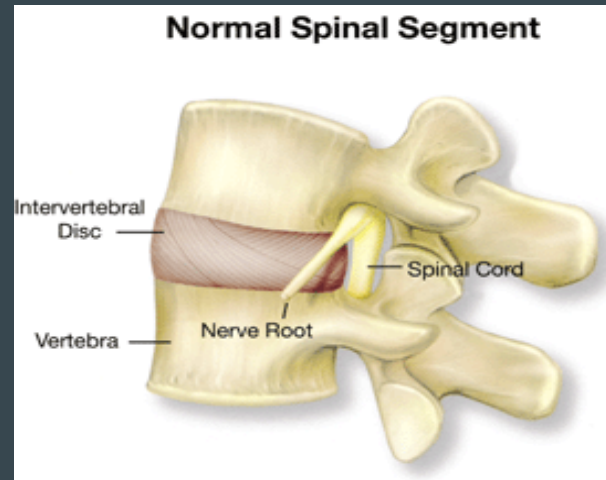
- Vertebral Body
- Intervertebral Disc
- Spinal Nerve
- Spinal Cord

## Disc Degeneration

- Fluid content within disc decreases over time
- result in wear and tear
- causes tiny tears or cracks

## Function

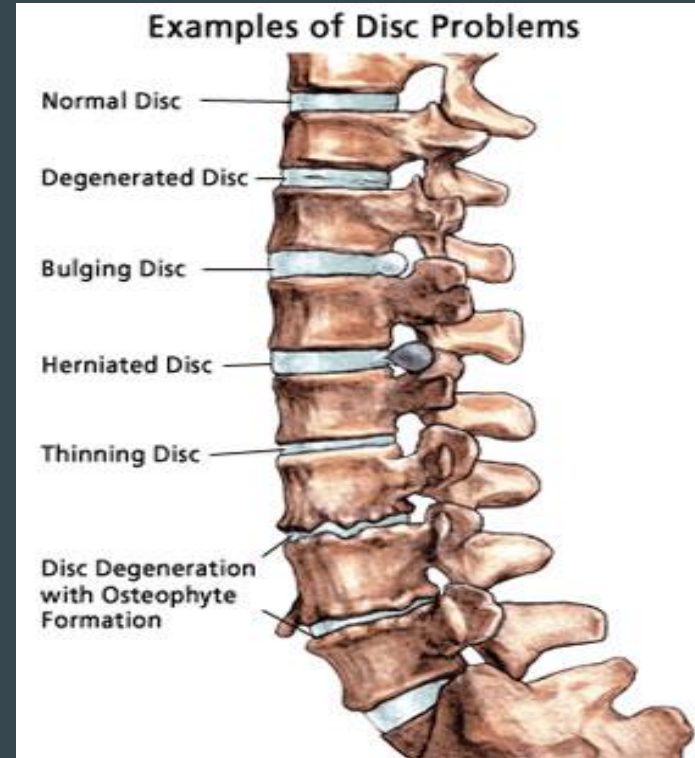
- Structural Support
- Protect Spinal Cord



# Background - Surgery

## Surgical Procedure:

- Insertion of operating needle
- Insertion of distractor
- Disc space is distracted
- Desired procedure
- Deflation and removal of distractor



# Current Designs



Figure 1: Cobb elevator paddle distractor

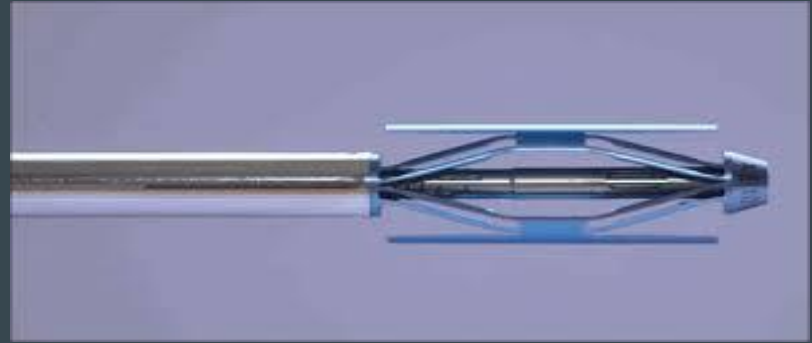


Figure 2: Scissor Jack System



Figure 3: Spine Wave StaXx

## Problems

- Too Bulky
- Hard to maneuver
- Cause fracturing of bone
- Poor load distribution

# Design Specifications

## Mechanics

- Apply 431 N of force
- 1720 kPa
- Distraction of 4-10 mm

## Safety

- Biocompatible
- Maximum contact surface

## Size

- Pre Inflation: Diameter of insertion needle: 6 mm
- Post Inflation: 25x10x16 mm (maximum)

## Function

- Minimally invasive
- Feedback mechanism
  - Force
  - Pressure
  - Distraction

# Design 1: Balloon

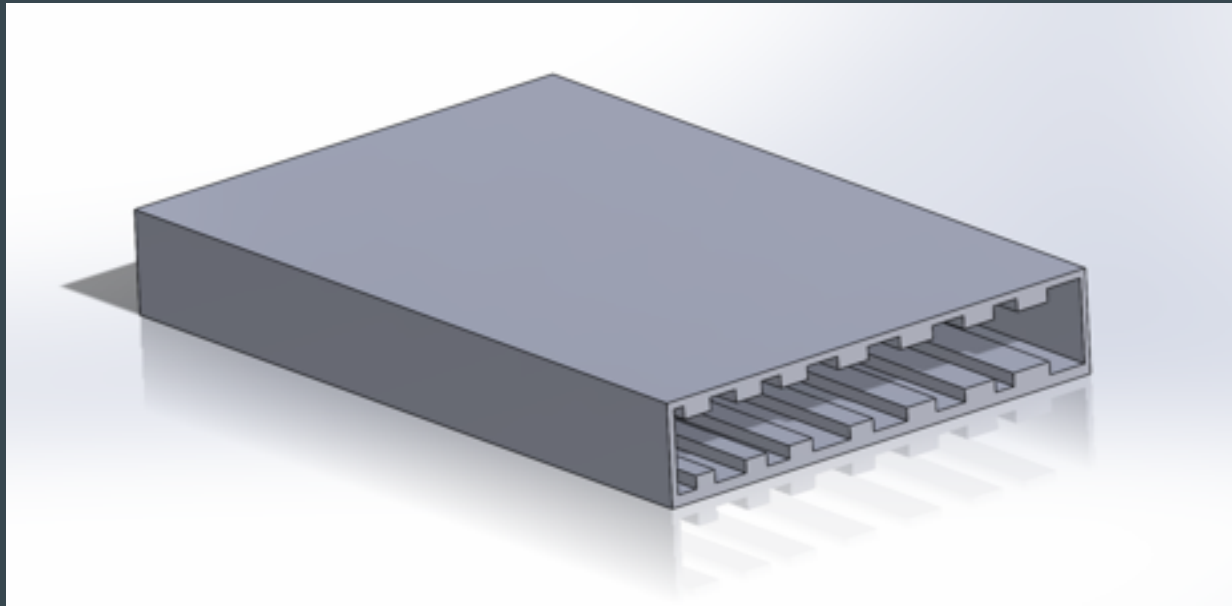
- Similar to a balloon angioplasty





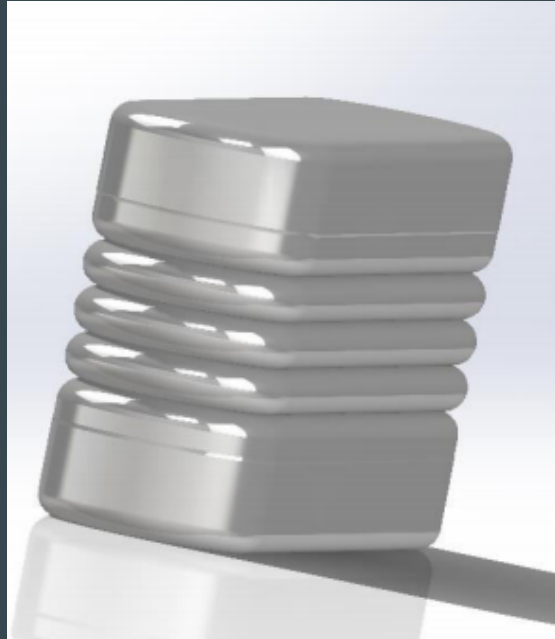
# Design 2: Prism with frame meshwork

- Balloon shaped as prism with an internal frame meshwork



# Design 3: Plated Prism

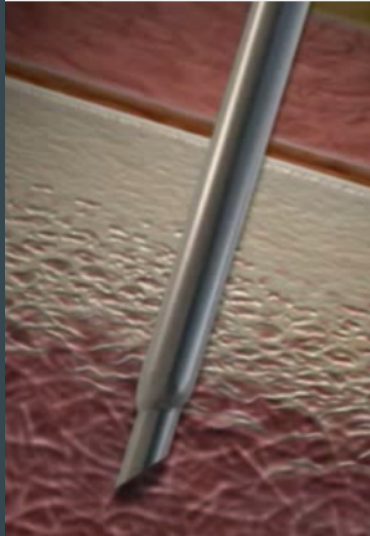
- Inflatable prism with two thicker opposing faces incorporated into the lining of the balloon.



# Design Matrix-Balloon

Criteria	Balloon	Mesh Prism	Plated Prism
Safety (25)	2	3	4
Uniaxial Inflation (25)	2	4	5
Ease of Manufacturing (20)	5	2	3
Stability (15)	2	3	4
Size (10)	4	3	2
Cost Effectiveness (5)	5	4	4
Total (100)	59	62	77

# Insertion Method - Jamshidi

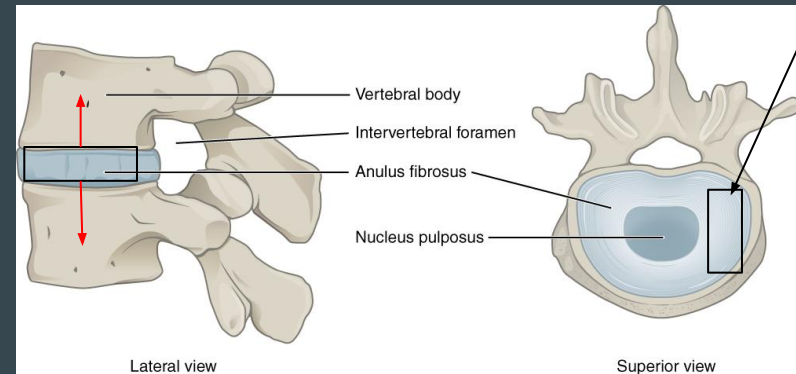


Remove inner needle



Insert device through  
Jamshidi shaft

**Black Arrow:** Angle of Insertion  
**Red Arrows:** Direction of Inflation



# Future Work

- Method of device placement - Jamshidi
- Method of device removal
- Decide what material to use for inflation
- Testing methods
- Fabrication

# Acknowledgements

Special Thanks To:

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# References

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