

# LN2 Digital Scale Alarm Monitoring System

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## Client:

Dr. Jeffrey Jones

## Advisor:

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# Overview

- Problem Statement
- Background
- Competing Designs
- Product Design Specifications
- Designs and Design Matrix
- Market Analysis
- Implications
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# Problem Statement

- Client: Dr. Jeffrey Jones
- Design a system to monitor and record the weight of LN2 tanks
  - Integrate with current monitoring system to log data and send alerts about LN2 levels and leak rate
- Budget: \$2500



**Figure 1:** Small capacity LN2 storage tank used by our client Dr. Jeffrey Jones at the Generations Fertility Care clinic.

# Background - LN2 Storage Tank Failure

- March 4th - 2018 - two separate fertility centers report malfunctioning equipment [1]
  - University Hospital Cleveland Medical Center
    - Loss of more than 4,000 human eggs/embryos
    - Trouble w/automatic refill
    - Temperature alarm system turned off
  - Pacific Coast Fertility
    - LN2 levels too low



**Figure 2:** Large capacity LN2 storage tanks at the University Hospitals Cleveland Medical Center.

# Background - LN2 Methods of Measurement

- Thermophysical properties:
  - Temperature
  - Liquid Levels
- Forms of LN2 sensing:
  - Point level-sensing
  - Continuous level-sensing
- Competing measuring techniques:
  - Dipstick
  - Capacitance liquid gauge
  - Ultrasound sensor
  - Temperature sensor

# Competing Designs - Dipstick Method

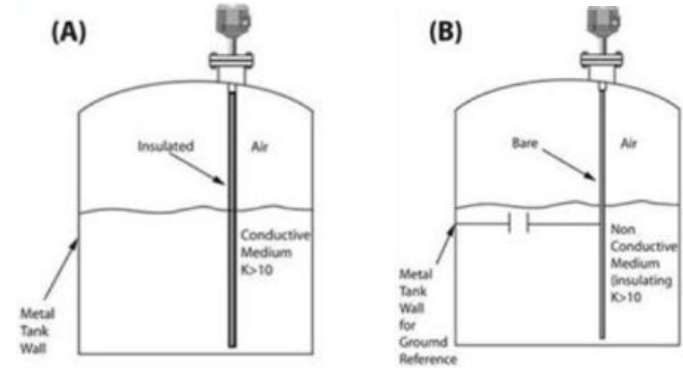
- Advantages:
  - Simple
  - Widely used
- Disadvantages
  - Imprecise
  - Labor intensive
  - Loss of LN2
  - Unable to detect sudden failure
    - Not continuous



**Figure 3:** Simple measuring sticks are a quick and easy way to check LN2 levels.

# Competing Designs - Capacitive Sensors

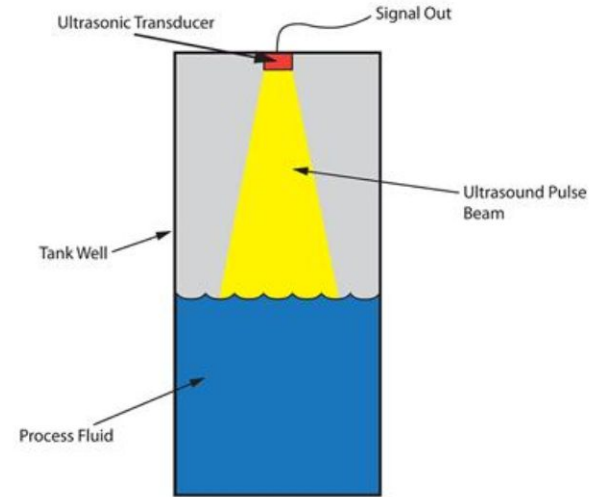
- Advantages:
  - High sensitivity
  - Adjustable to the geometry of application
  - Low in cost
- Disadvantages:
  - Temperature sensitivity
  - Accuracy requires complex sensor arrangement
  - Not intrinsically safe



**Figure 4:** Capacitive level sensors measure the change in capacitance between two plates and can be used for fluids with high dielectric constants (A) or low dielectric constants (B) [3].

# Competing Designs - Ultrasonic Sensors

- Advantages:
  - Easy installation and maintenance
  - High degree of accuracy
- Disadvantages:
  - Must be integrated with the lid
  - Susceptible to interference
  - Very limited options for low temperature application



**Figure 5:** Ultrasonic sensors possess advantages such as simple structure and easy installation/maintenance, but are susceptible to interferences [3].



# Competing Designs - Temperature Sensors

- Advantages:
  - Support wide temperature range
  - High output, fast in operation
  - Correlates to viability of specimens
- Disadvantages:
  - Vertical position of the sensor
  - Unable to detect if LN2 levels are too low [4]

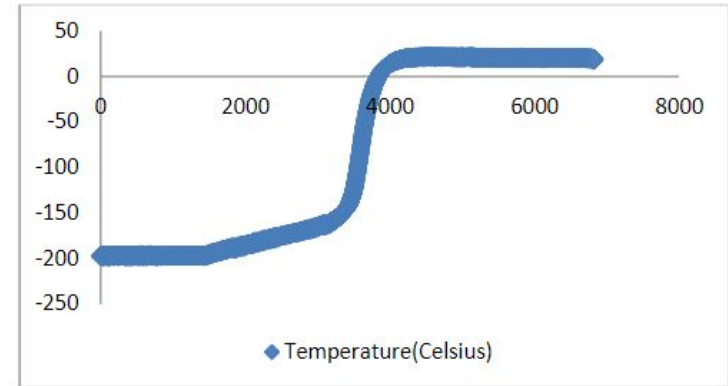


Figure 6: The temperature of a 20L dewar as LN2 evaporates.




# Product Design Specifications

- Client Requirements
  - Design and manufacture a scale that integrates w/the roller base
  - Continuous weight measurement and data logging
  - Interface with current monitoring system to communicate data and send alerts
- Physical/Operational Characteristics
  - Digital display
  - Tare functionality
  - Calibration functionality

# Matrix 1 - Methodology

<b>Criterion (Weight)</b>	<b>Weight</b>		<b>Capacitance</b>		<b>Ultrasonic Transducer</b>	
<b>Market Potential (35)</b>	5/5	35	4/5	28	3/5	21
<b>Longevity (30)</b>	3/5	18	4/5	24	5/5	30
<b>Easy of installation (20)</b>	5/5	20	2/5	10	3/5	15
<b>Cost (15)</b>	3/5	9	5/5	15	3/5	9
<b>Total (100)</b>	<b>82</b>		<b>77</b>		<b>75</b>	

# Matrix 2 - Implementation

Criterion (Weight)	Custom scale fitting existing roller base		Platform scale w/ connecting ramp		Conversion of existing base into a scale	
						
Data Acquisition Frequency (30)	5/5	30	2/5	12	5/5	30
Longevity (25)	3/5	15	5/5	25	3/5	15
Ease of Use/Automation (15)	5/5	15	3/5	9	3/5	9
Model Compatibility (10)	1/5	2	5/5	10	1/5	2
Ease of Fabrication (10)	3/5	6	5/5	10	2/5	4
Size (5)	5/5	5	3/5	3	4/5	4
Cost (5)	3/5	3	4/5	4	2/5	2
<b>Total (100)</b>		<b>76</b>		<b>73</b>		<b>66</b>

# Matrix 3 - Preliminary Design Solution

<i>Criterion (Weight)</i>	<u>Option 1 - 3rd party scale w/ existing base</u>		<u>Option 2 - Custom scale w/ existing base</u>		<u>Option 3 - Custom scale/base</u>	
<b>Reliability of Performance (35)</b>	5/5	35	4/5	28	4/5	28
<b>Model Compatibility (30)</b>	2/5	12	4/5	24	5/5	30
<b>Ease of Fabrication (20)</b>	4/5	16	4/5	16	3/5	12
<b>Cost (15)</b>	3/5	9	5/5	15	2/5	6
<b>Total (100)</b>	<b>72</b>		<b>83</b>		<b>76</b>	

# Market Analysis

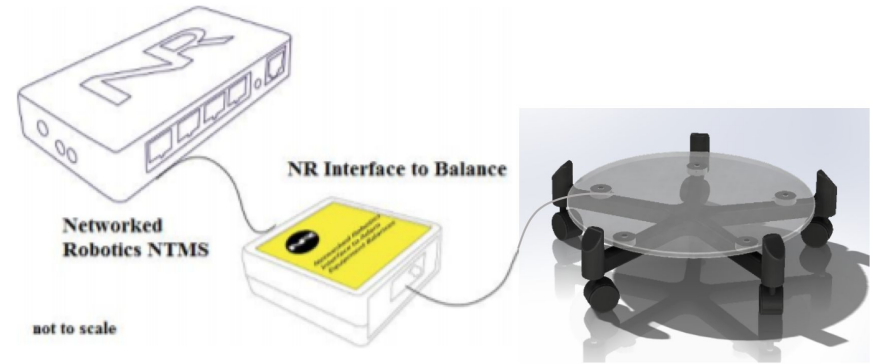
- Marketing approach to the product design
- We are designing for the specific problem presented by the client!
  - However, this approach will influence our design
- Customer analysis
- Understand current market and consumer need
- Survey to record responses
  - Big Takeaway: Continuous monitoring and automated alarm system

# Discussion

- Weight provides a more reliable method of monitoring LN2 levels
  - Gives an indication on the health of the tank
  - Continuous data measurement and data logging
- Possible applications to other types of storage units
  - Marketing approach
- Concerns:
  - Load cells will deform over time
    - Accuracy
    - Calibration
  - Third-party collaboration

# Future Work

- Heavy focus on software design
- Interface with current monitoring system
  - Record data
  - Use weight to calculate:
    - Volume/level of LN2
    - Rate of evaporation
  - Send alerts
- Collaboration with Networked Robotics
- Product development & marketing



**Figure 7:** Networked Robotics Interface to Adam Equipment® Scale.



# Acknowledgements and References

Thank you to:

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- Advisor - Sarah Sandock
- Dr. Puccinelli & the BME Department

References:

[1] Krieger, Lisa M. “Lawsuit Filed over Lost Eggs at San Francisco Fertility Clinic.” *The Mercury News*, The Mercury News, 14 Mar. 2018, [www.mercurynews.com/2018/03/13/lawsuit-filed-over-lost-eggs-at-san-francisco-fertility-clinic/](http://www.mercurynews.com/2018/03/13/lawsuit-filed-over-lost-eggs-at-san-francisco-fertility-clinic/).

[2] CT Cryogenics Inc. “How to Measure Liquid Nitrogen Levels.” *LiquidNitrogenTank.com*, [liquidnitrogentank.com/How\\_to\\_Measure\\_Liquid\\_Nitrogen\\_Level.php](http://liquidnitrogentank.com/How_to_Measure_Liquid_Nitrogen_Level.php).

[3] H. Hopper, “A Dozen Ways to Measure Fluid Level and How They Work,” *Sensors Magazine*, 01-Dec-2004. [Online]. Available: <https://www.sensorsmag.com/components/a-dozen-ways-to-measure-fluid-level-and-how-they-work>. [Accessed: 05-Oct-2018].

[4] “Monitoring Liquid Nitrogen Storage Dewars By Weight”. *Networked Robotics*. Apr. 2018. <http://www.networkedrobotics.com/documentation/Monitoring%20Liquid%20Nitrogen%20Storage%20Dewars%20by%20Weight.pdf>