



Paracervical Block Training Model

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Client: Dr. Jessica Dalby

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Team Members

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Client: Dr. Jessica Dalby



Figure 1: Team Picture



Overview of Presentation

- 1. Client Description**
- 2. Background and Anatomy**
- 3. Problem Statement**
- 4. Current solutions and existing designs**
- 5. Product Design Specifications**
- 6. Design alternatives**
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 - **Modified Venus Design**
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Client Description

- Dr. Jessica Dalby is a Family medicine physician at UW health and an associate professor at University of Wisconsin School of Medicine and Public Health.
- Frequently instructs physicians, and medical students on the process of paracervical block administering.
- Seeking a more realistic and practical task trainer to aid in her clinics.



Figure 2: Dr. Jessica Dalby

Project Background

- A paracervical block is a procedure done to help aid in pain during gynecological procedures
- Injection at 12 O'Clock and tenaculum placement
- lidocaine injections at 2, 4, 8, and 10 in the cervicovaginal junction to a depth of 3cm

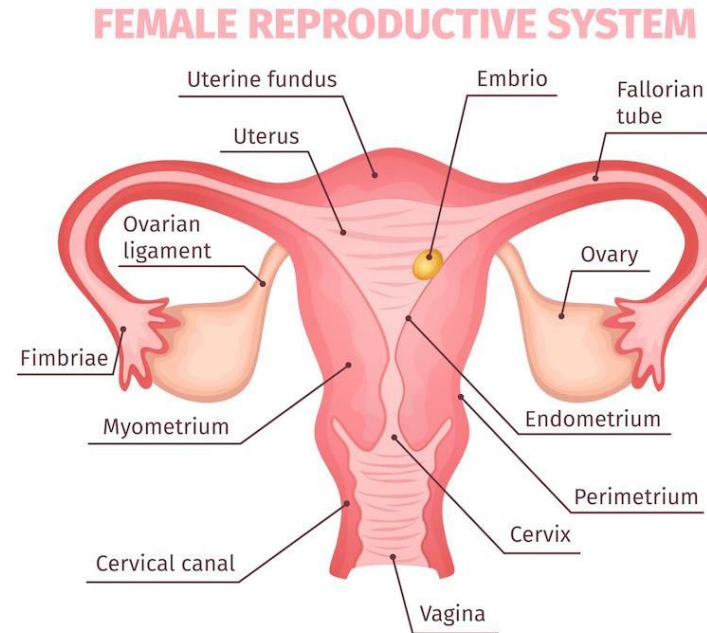


Figure 4: Reproductive System



Figure 3: Paracervical Block



Figure 5: Nerve Blocking



Problem Statement

A **paracervical block (PCB)** is a medical procedure in which a local anesthetic is injected into the tissue at the cervicovaginal junction.

- Reduces procedural pain.

Lack of accessible, anatomically accurate, and affordable training for PCB administration.

- Unprepared providers.
- Women undergo procedures without anesthetic.
- Unnecessary pain and risk.

Our group will design a **Paracervical Block Training Model (PBTM)** to combat this problem.

Current Methods

Roma Tomato Model:

Made out of dixie cup, condom, and roma tomato.

Pros:

- Cheap, easy to make.
- Models vaginal canal.

Cons:

- High anatomical and material inaccuracy.
- No cervicovaginal junction.
- Leaves residents highly unprepared to perform on patient.



Figure 6: Miya Model



Figure 7: Roma Tomato Model



Figure 8: Task Trainer



Product Design Specifications

Design a **Paracervical Block Training Model (PBTM)**

- **Realistic Functionality:** Replicates cervicovaginal junction, supports instrument insertion.
- **Anatomical Accuracy:** Dimensions, hardness, elasticity matching that of an adult female
- **Durability:** Withstands repeated use, replaceable components. .
- **Ergonomics:** Stable and adjustable stand at exam height, accommodates speculum instruments.
- **Low-Cost & Scalable:** 10 prototypes at \$50 each, affordable for widespread training.

Design 1 - Box Design

Function: Box with removable lid containing vaginal canal, uterus, and removable cervix.

Pros:

- Removable cervix
- Visibility during procedure practice
- Accuracy of material properties

Cons:

- Difficult to fabricate
- Not at correct height
- Anatomical inaccuracy, especially in vaginal canal

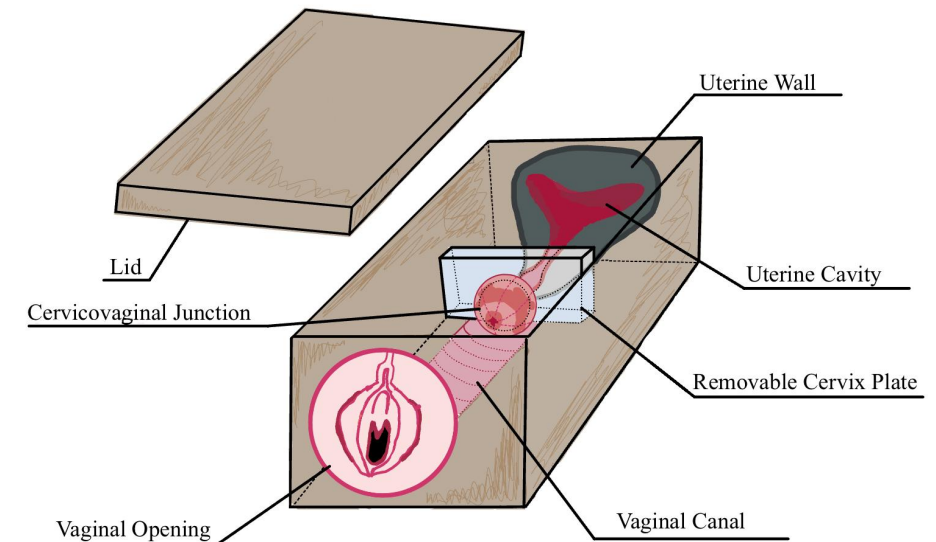


Figure 9: Box Design Labelled

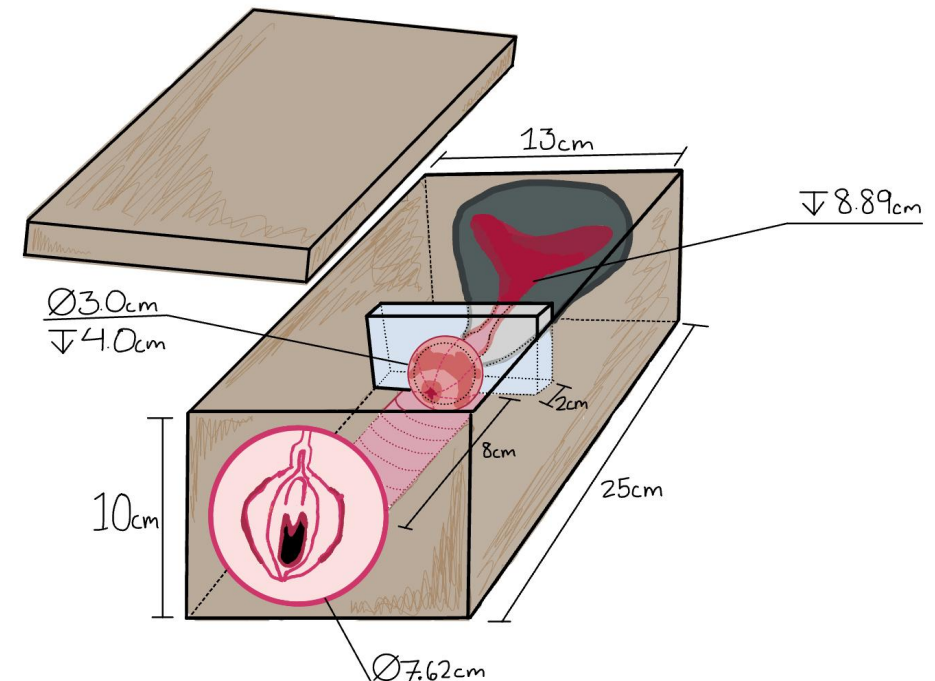


Figure 10: Box Design Dimensions

Design 2 - Modified Venus Design

Function: Tabletop stand supporting a visually accurate silicon vagina, which contains a cervix with a cervicovaginal junction and attached uterus.

Pros:

- Aesthetic appearance
- Portability
- Stability during procedure

Cons:

- Incorrect height
- Inaccurate uterine angle
- Not durable

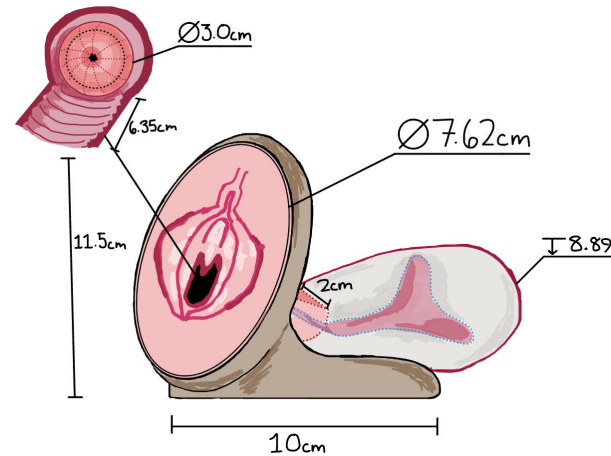


Figure 11: Modified Venus Design Dimensions

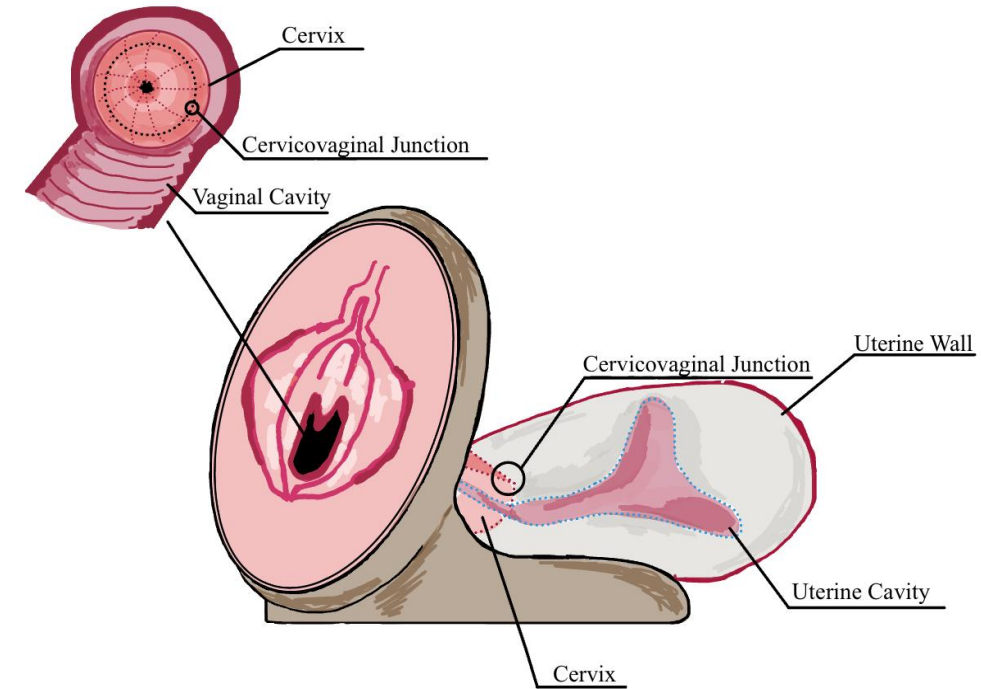


Figure 12: Modified Venus Design

Design 3 - Modified Task Trainer

Function:

Tabletop model at realistic height, replaceable cervix with cervicovaginal junction, anatomically accurate uterus shape and removable vaginal opening

Pros:

- Replaceable Parts (Cervix, Uterus, Vagina)
- Easily Reproducible
- Provides Realistic procedure
- Affordable

Cons:

- Hard to Transport
- Could tip during procedure

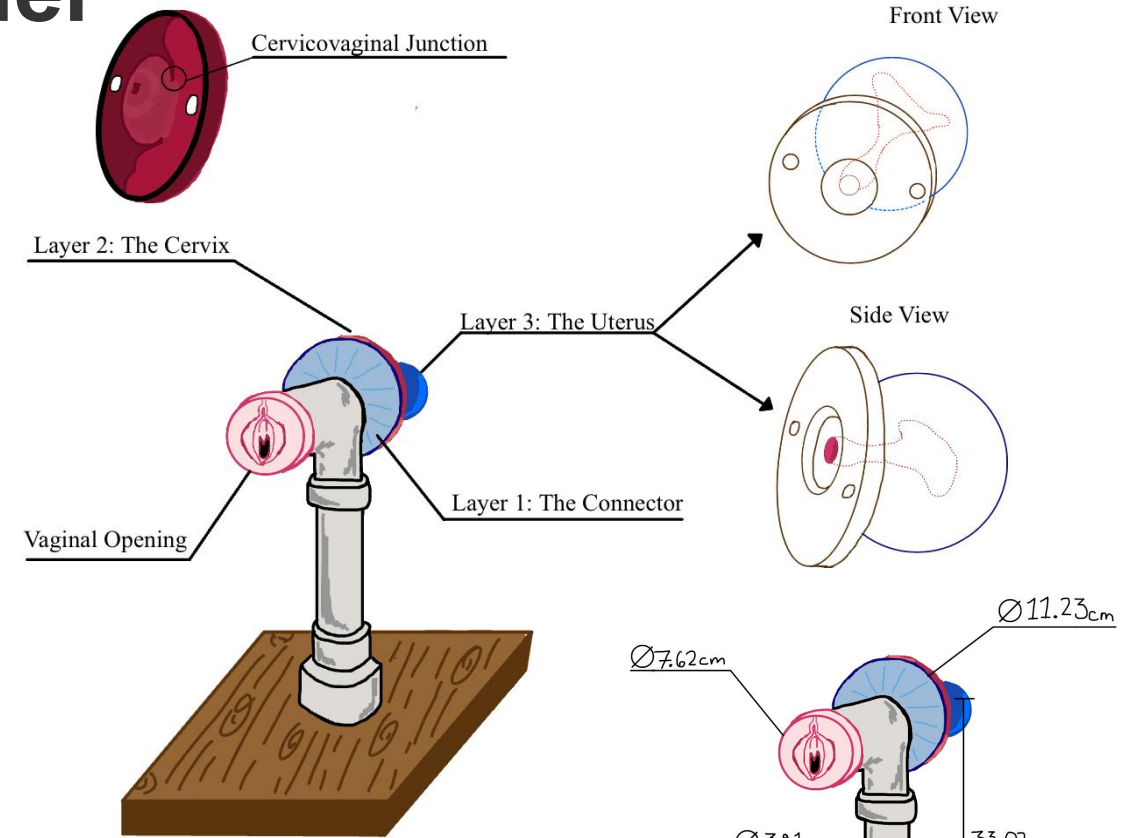
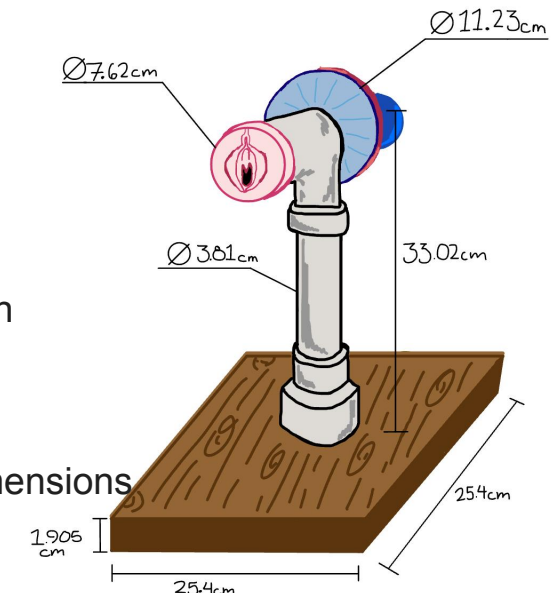
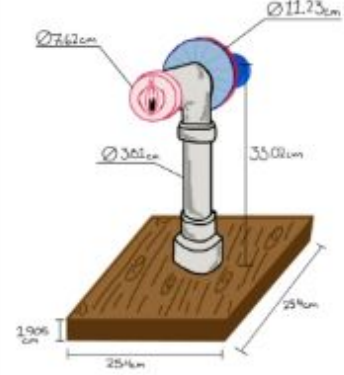
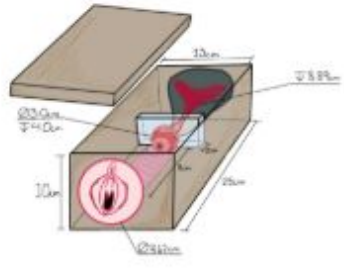
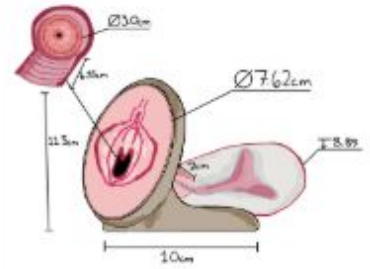


Figure 13: Modified Task Trainer Design

Figure 14: Modified Task Trainer Dimensions



Paracervical Block Model Design Matrix

Criteria (Weight)	Modified Task Trainer		Shoebox Design		Modified Venus Design	
						
Realistic (25)	5/5	25	4/5	20	2/5	10
Ease of Fabrication (25)	5/5	25	1/5	5	1/5	5
Anatomical Accuracy (20)	4/5	16	2/5	8	3/5	12
Cost (15)	5/5	15	3/5	9	4/5	12
Portability (10)	3/5	9	3/5	9	4/5	12
Safety (5)	4/5	1	5/5	5	5/5	5
Total (100)	91		56		56	



Future Work

October

- Submit our preliminary report
- Meet with our client and advisor
- Purchase materials
- Begin prototyping

November

- Have a physical design for the show and tell
- Revise our design
- Prototype testing with client
- Data analysis of prototype

December

- Present final poster
- Develop our Final Report



Acknowledgements

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Supporting Organizations:

Department of Biomedical Engineering



References

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Questions

