

# Bioreactor Cassette for Stem Cell Culture

Kimberli Kamer, Elise Larson, Laura Zeitler

BME 402  
March 04, 2011

## **Client**

Dr. Derek Hei

*Waisman Clinical Biomanufacturing Facility*

## **Advisor**

Professor Naomi Chesler

*Department of Biomedical Engineering*

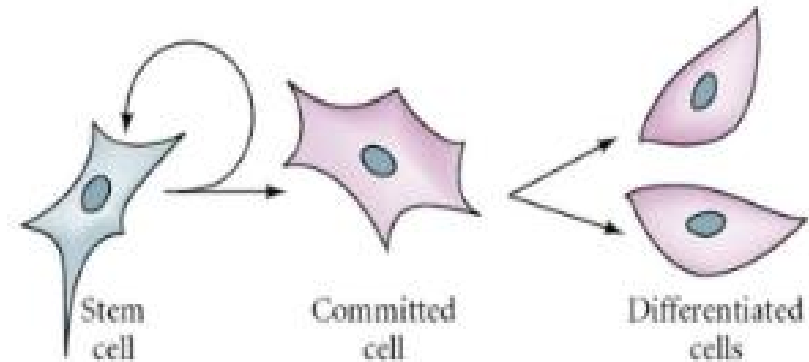
# Overview

- Background
- Current Status
- Design Specifications
- Redesign
- Future Work

# Problems with Stem Cell Culture

## Sensitive to environment

- Daily media change
- Chemical leaching can cause undesired differentiation

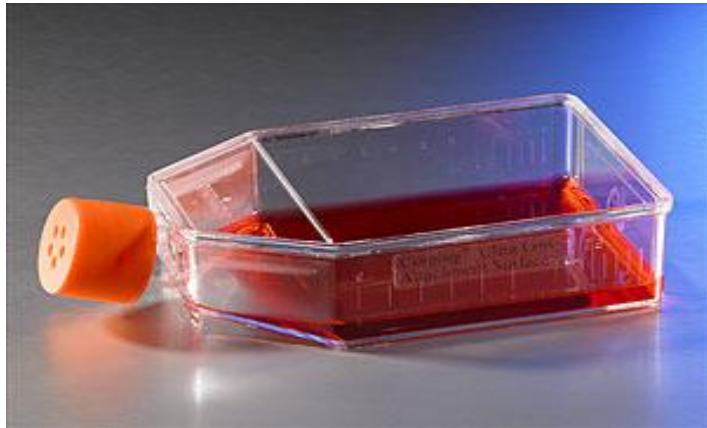


*Pluripotent stem cell* [1]

## Clinical limitations

- Desire individualized therapies
- Mass production is not yet feasible

# Current Solutions



Static culture[1]



CLINICell Cassette [2]

[1] Corning (2010). "Corning® Ultra-Low Attachment 75cm<sup>2</sup> Rectangular Canted Neck Cell Culture Flask with Vent Cap (Product #3814)" *Corning: Life Sciences* . <http://catalog2.corning.com/>

[2] Innomeditech Technologies. "CLINICell Cassette". *Innomeditech Technologies*. [http://www.innomt.com/products/products02\\_02\\_04.htm](http://www.innomt.com/products/products02_02_04.htm)

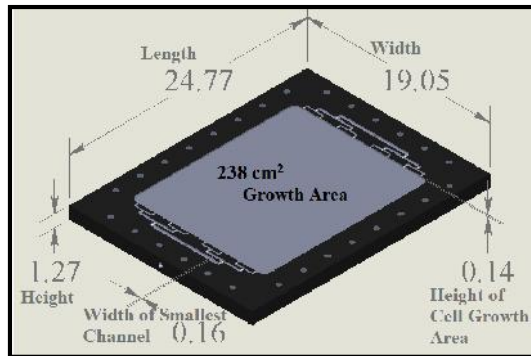
# Design Proposal

Design a cassette system that interfaces with a perfusion bioreactor and provides appropriate conditions to culture several different samples of stem cells without exchanging media between them.

## Specifications

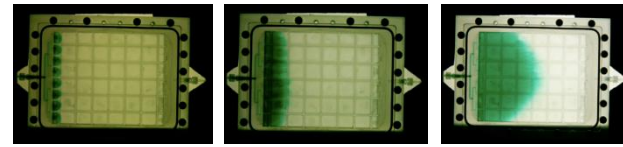
- Use gas-impermeable growth plates
- Be optically transparent
- Ergonomically friendly
- Avoid chemical leaching
- Minimize media use
- Ability to be imaged in a 96-well footprint

# Project History



Dimensions in cm

## Material Selection, Initial Design



20 min

1 hour

4 hours

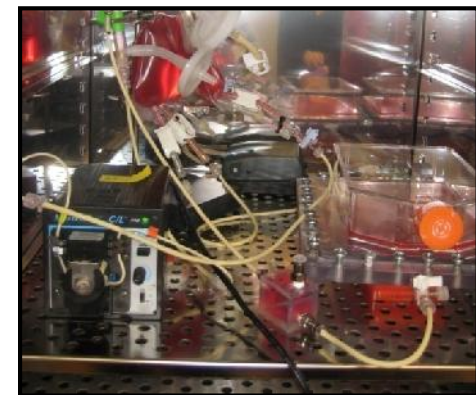


8 hours

10 hours

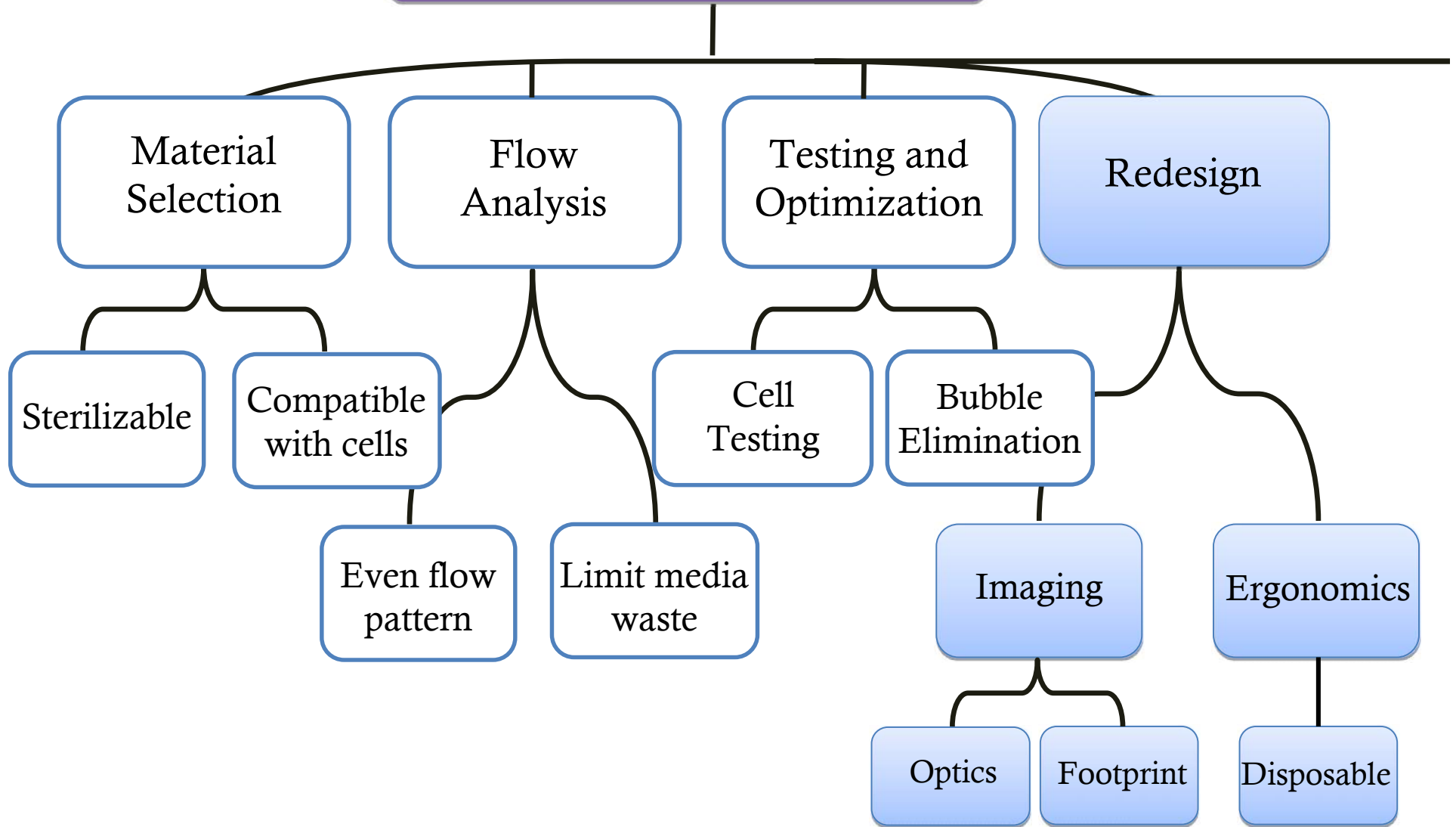
24 hours

## Flow Analysis



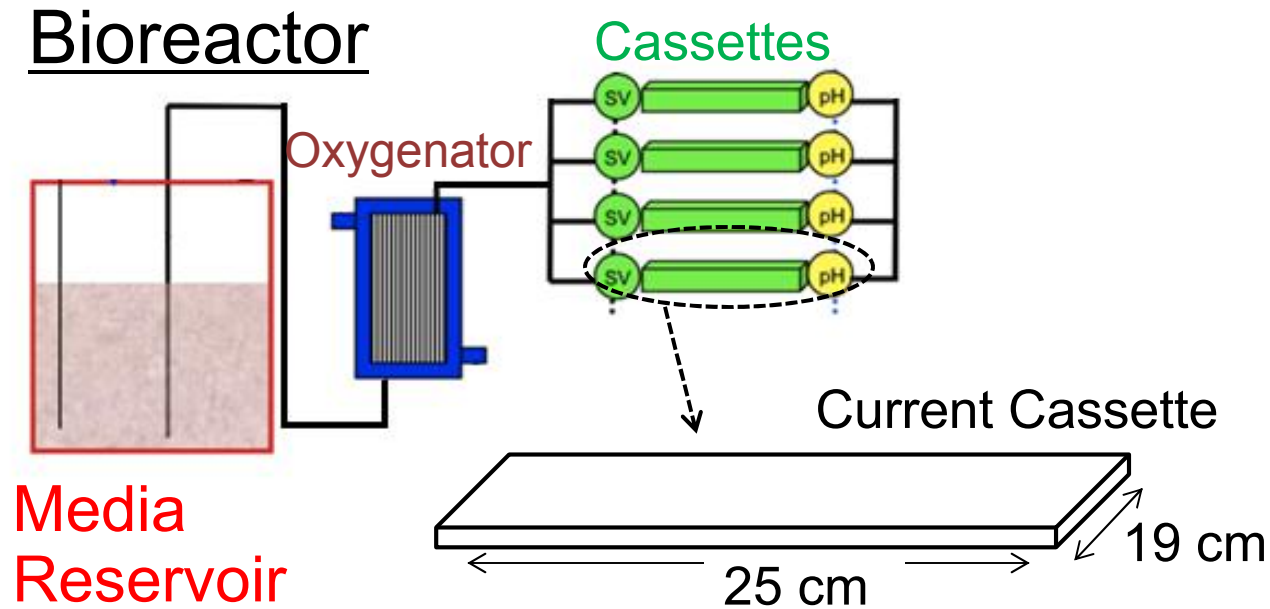
## Testing and Optimization

# Bioreactor Cassette





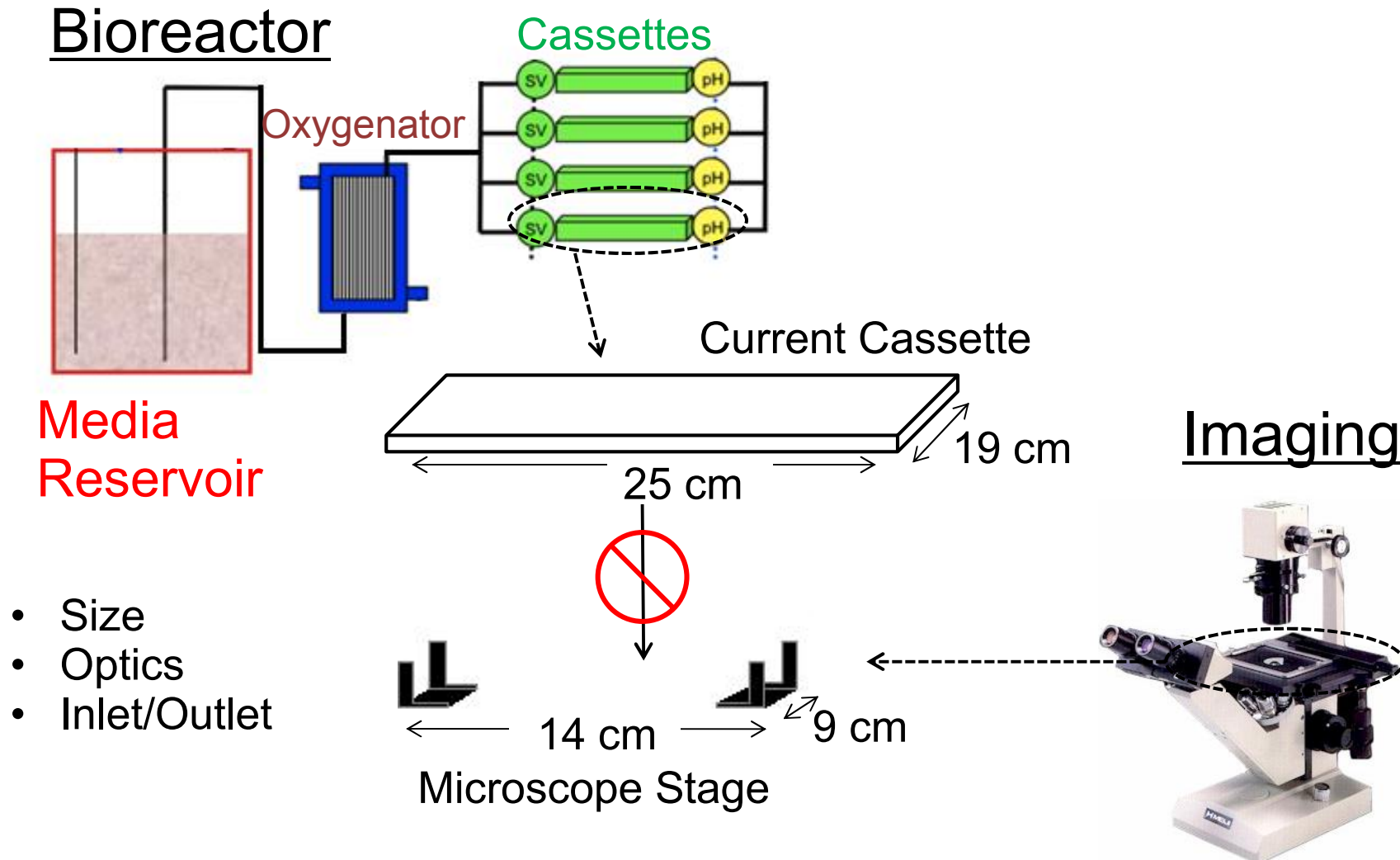
# Cassette<sup>[1]</sup>, Microscope Systems<sup>[2]</sup>



[1] Hei, Derek (2010). "Bioreactor Perfusion Design" *Waisman Clinical Biomanufacturing Facility, University of Wisconsin-Madison*.

[2] <http://www.microscope-microscope.org/basic/microscope-types.htm>

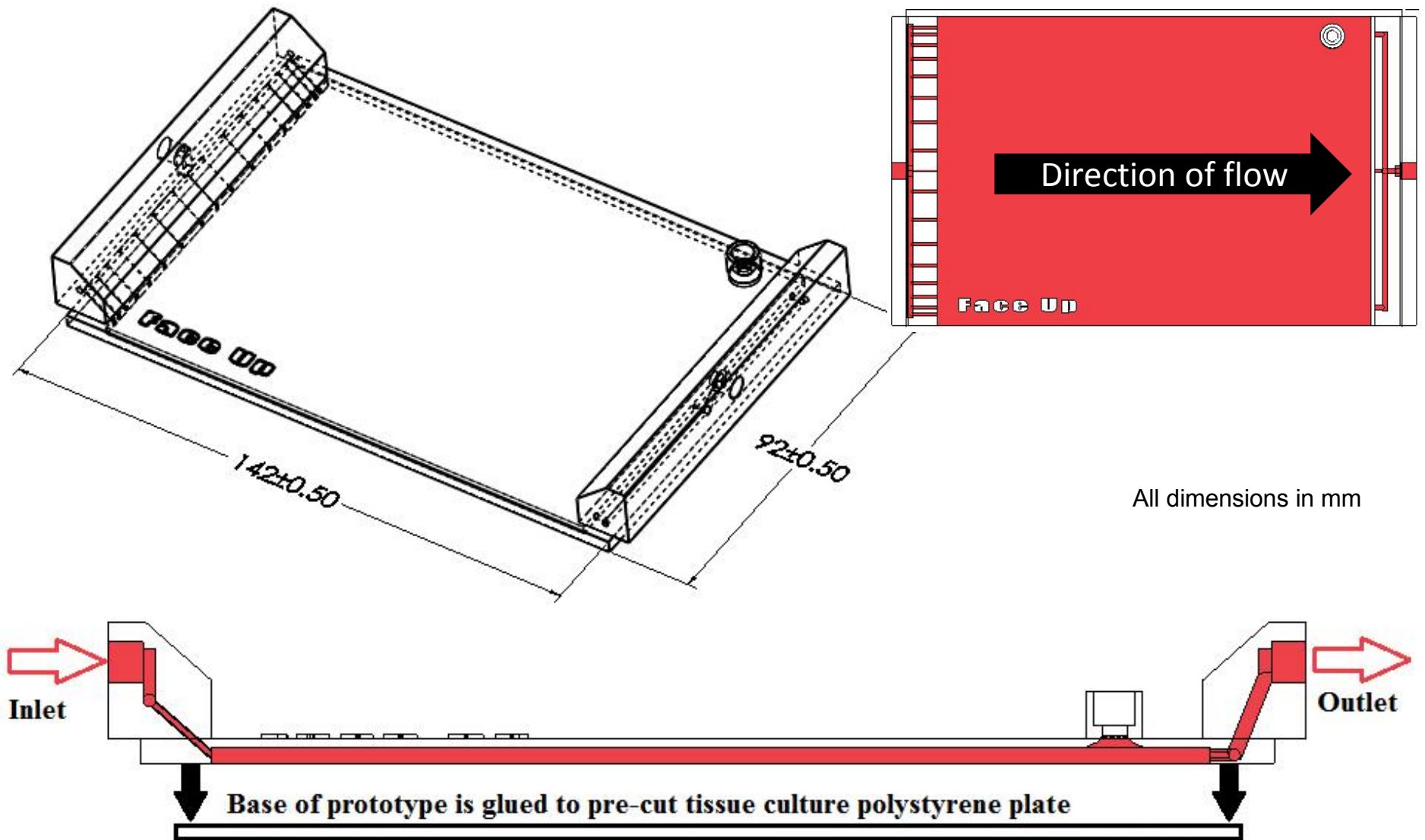
# Cassette<sup>[1]</sup>, Microscope Systems<sup>[2]</sup>



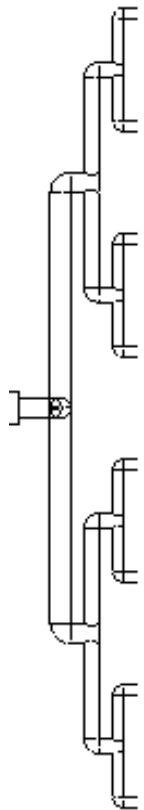
[1] Hei, Derek (2010). "Bioreactor Perfusion Design" *Waisman Clinical Biomanufacturing Facility, University of Wisconsin-Madison.*

[2] <http://www.microscope-microscope.org/basic/microscope-types.htm>

# Design

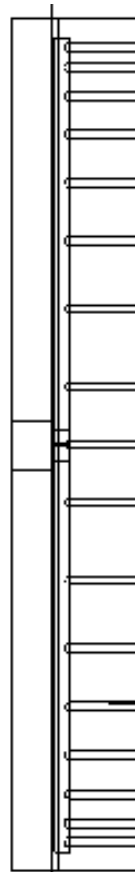


# Inlet



**Old Design:  
Balanced Runner**

Bubble could occlude  
half of device!



Mirrored  
on right  
and left

**New Design: Straws**

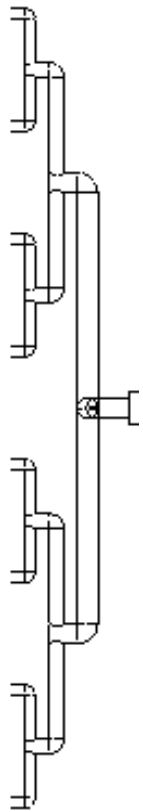
Designed for better  
management of bubbles

**Inlet is raised to  
accommodate stage size**

**Hagen–Poiseuille  
Equation to approximate  
straw size**

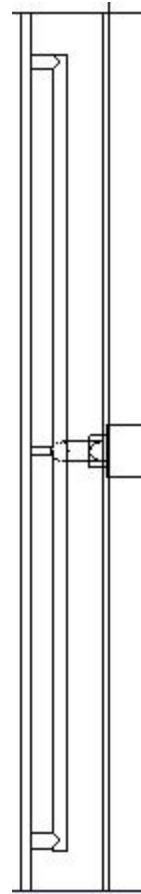
$$L \propto R^4$$

# Outlet



## Old Design: Balanced Runner

-Unnecessarily complicated



Outlet is raised to accommodate stage size

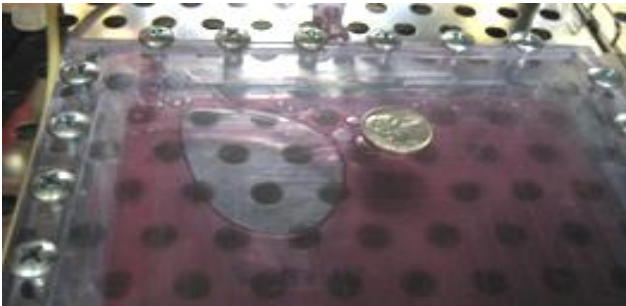
$$L \propto R^4$$

## New Design: 3 collecting tubes

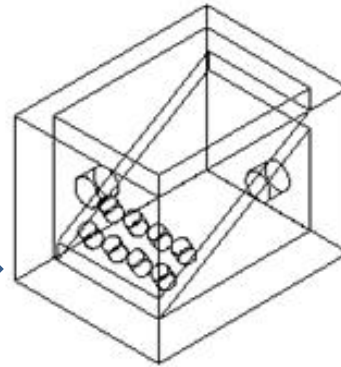
- Simplified
- Encourages flow to all three outlet ports

# Bubble Port

**Problem #1: large bubbles entering cassette**

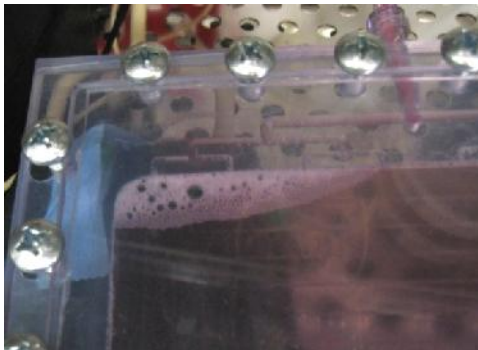


**Solution** →



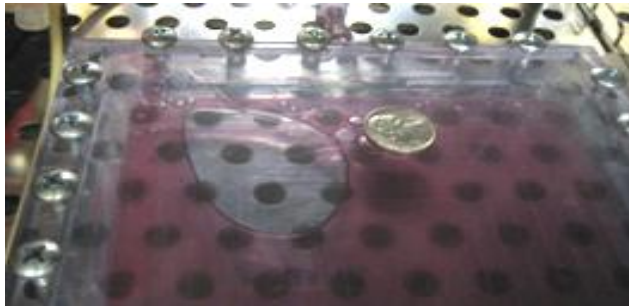
Bubble trap to place prior to inlet

**Problem #2: small bubbles of gas formed within the cassette**

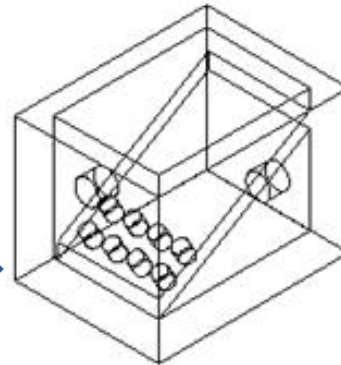


# Bubble Port

**Problem #1: large bubbles entering cassette**

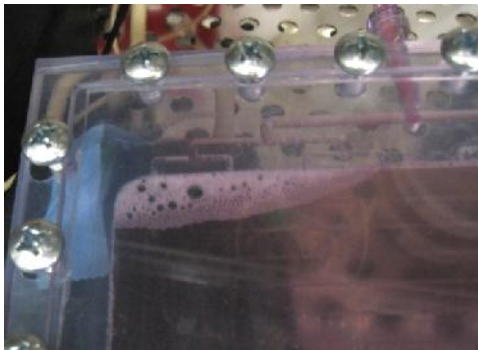


**Solution** →

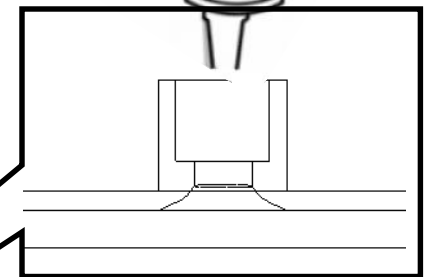


Bubble trap to place prior to inlet

**Problem #2: small bubbles of gas formed within the cassette**

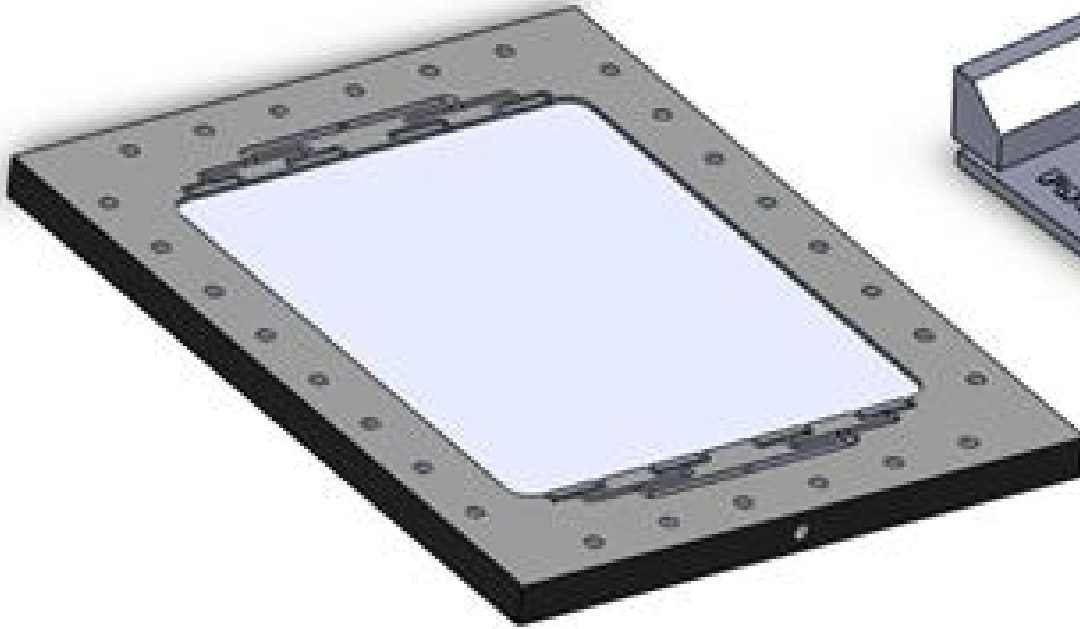


**Solution** →

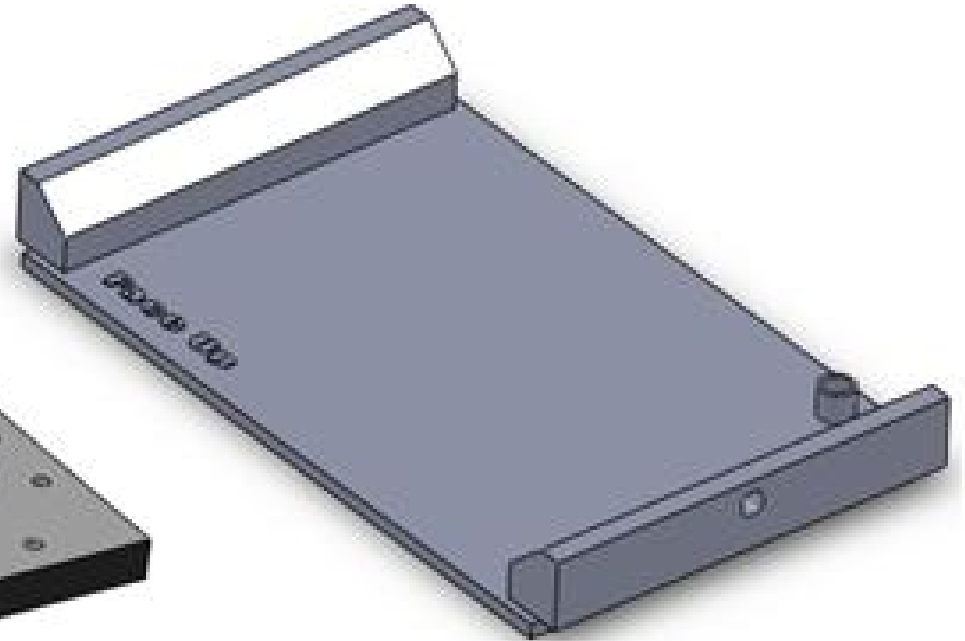


- Manually remove air.
- Curvature helps to coalesce bubbles

# Material Reduction



$$\begin{aligned} &369.28 \text{ cm}^3 / 238.00 \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= 1.55 \text{ cm}^3 / \text{cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$



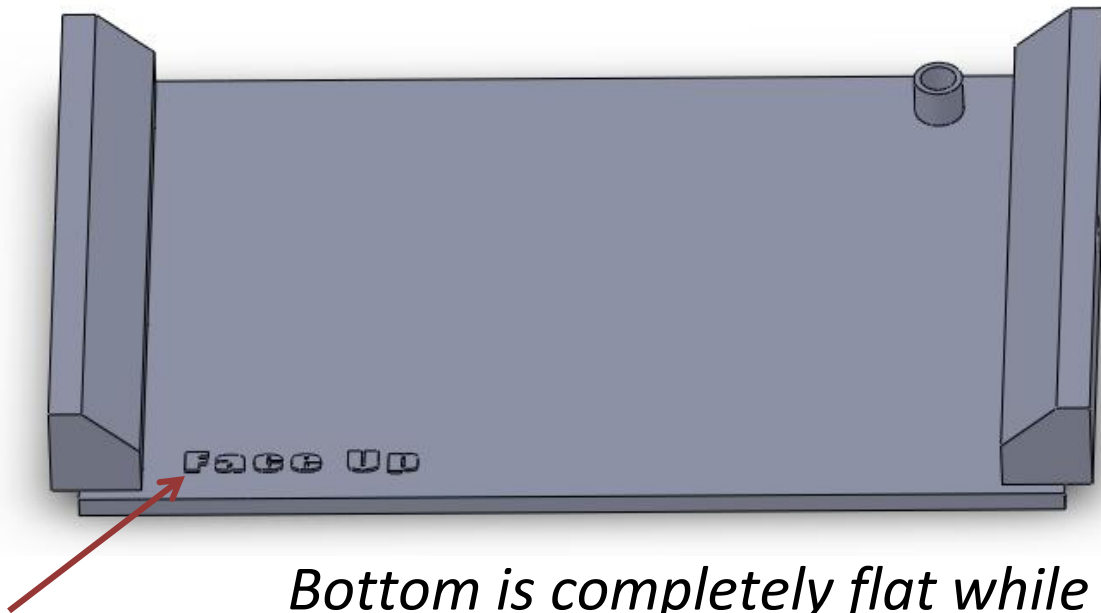
$$\begin{aligned} &45.15 \text{ cm}^3 / 111.76 \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= 0.40 \text{ cm}^3 / \text{cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

~4-fold reduced material cost per growth area



# Ergonomics: Avoiding Setup Error

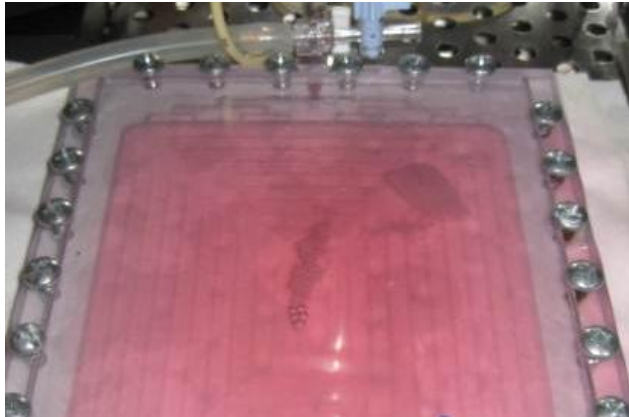
- “Top” vs. “bottom” becomes more obvious to avoid mistakes in setup
- Arrow to indicate intended direction of media flow



*Words “Face Up”  
make top even more  
obvious*

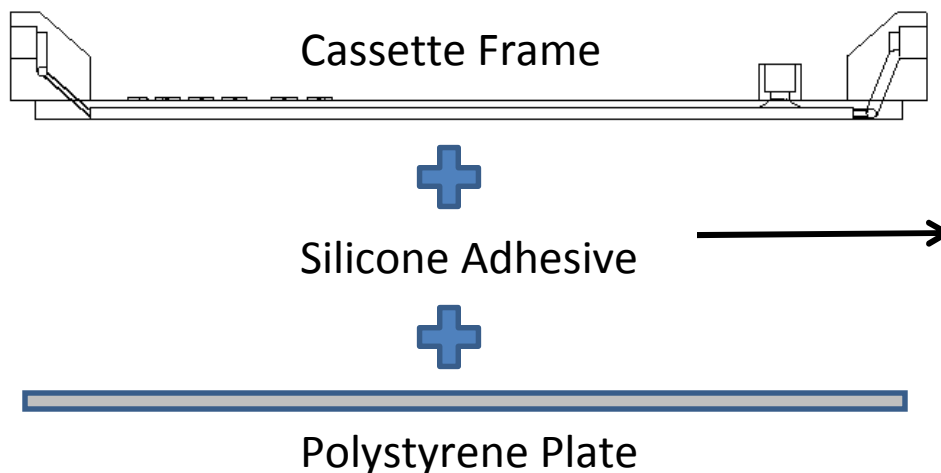
*Bottom is completely flat while  
top has protrusions*

# Ergonomics: Faster & Easier Assembly



## Old Design

- 28 screws
- Difficult to set up
- Time-consuming
- Sits on screws: non-flat surface

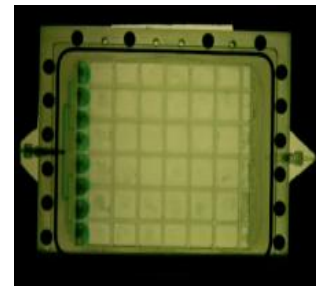


## New Design

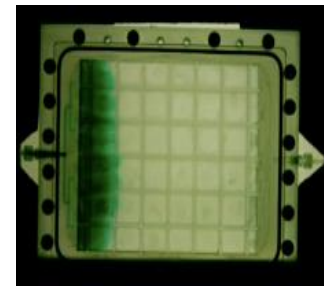
- No screws
- Faster to set up
- Sits flat on polystyrene

# Future Plans

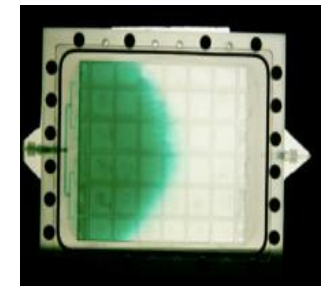
- Flow test on new prototype using dye studies
- Cell growth tests using HEK-293AD
  - Trypan blue viability stain
  - Crystal violet stain



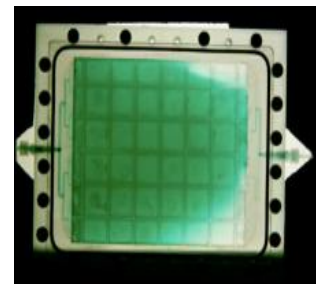
20 min



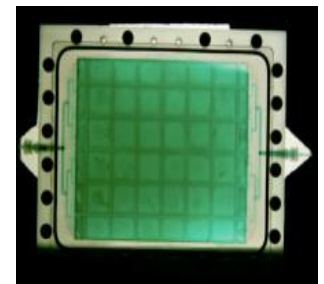
1 hour



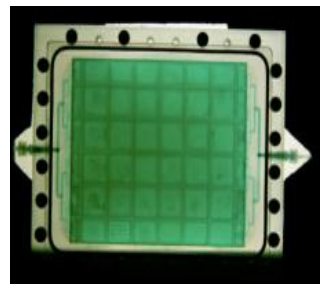
4 hours



8 hours



10 hours



24 hours

# Acknowledgements

- Dr. Hei and WCBF team
- Nate Schumacher, Ben Cox
- Dr. Mackie, Dr. Eliceiri



Questions?

# Redesign Matrix

Component	Feature	Present in Old Cassette?	Effective?	Incorporate into New Design?	Justification
Inlet	Balanced Runner	X	No		
	Same Plane (Cell Growth)	X	Yes		
	Straws			X	
	Elevated Plane (Cell Growth)			X	Microscope optics
Outlet	Mirrored Inlet	X	No		
	Same Plane (Cell Growth)	X	Yes		
	Single Outlet				Eddy Formation
	3-Port Outlet			X	Simplification
	Elevated Plane (Cell Growth)			X	Microscope Optics
Cell Growth Area	Permanently Encased	X	?	X	
	>1.5mm material thickness	X			
	Accessible				Beyond fabrication abilities
	<1.5mm material thickness			X	1.27mm thickness in 96 well plate
Bubble Trap	Exterior Gravity Trap	X	Partially		Degassing
	Sterilizable	X	No	X	
	Gravity Trap Incorporated Before Inlet				
	Filter Trap, Incorporated		No		
	Manual Release Trap, Incorporated			X	
Disposability	Multiple-Use	X	No		Wear affects growth patterns
	Single-Use			X	
Ergonomics	Assembly >30 min	X	No		
	Assembly < 30 min			X	Disposability, Gluing
	Labeled Top			X	