

# Model for Pre-Surgical Intracerebral Hemorrhage Planning

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# Overview

- Problem Statement
- Broader Impact
- Material Choice Update
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# Problem Statement

- Goal is to create a gel model to simulate interior of brain with various clots to image and validate the effectiveness of mapping techniques
- Improve material to better represent human brain tissue properties
- Improve gel container to cooperate better with scanner shape - minimize wave interference

# Broader Impact

- A phantom brain is needed to acquire a range of stiffness measurements to be used in a database
- Design could lead to proper removal of clots
  - Drug treatment and suction vs suction alone
  - Save time in operating room
  - Save lives
- Prove accuracy of MRI modulus readings

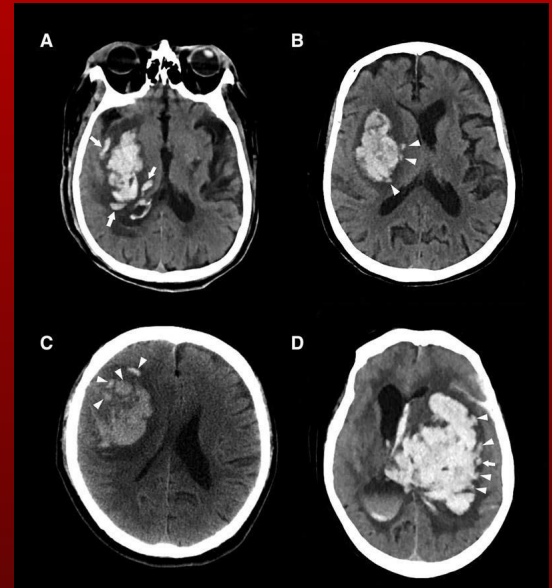


Figure 1. T1 scan of heterogeneous ICH clots

# Material Design Matrix

Criteria	Polyacrylamide (PA)		Gelatin		Polydimethylsiloxane (PDMS)	
Ease of Fabrication (30)	4/5	24	3/5	18	4/5	24
Biomimicry (30)	5/5	30	2/5	12	4/5	24
Cost (15)	3/5	9	5/5	15	2/5	6
Safety (15)	4/5	12	5/5	15	3/5	9
Duration (10)	5/5	10	1/5	2	4/5	8
<b>Total (100)</b>	85		62		71	

# Material Choice Update

- Using PA as an alternative to alginate
- Ideally will get us closer to the 1 kPa range in stiffness
  - Want to replicate mechanics of blood clots
- Polymerize at room temperature overnight to obtain less stiff samples

# Mechanical Testing

- Want to obtain shear modulus for PA blood clot samples
  - More ideal measure for viscoelastic materials
- Brain is incompressible; measuring shear will be more realistic

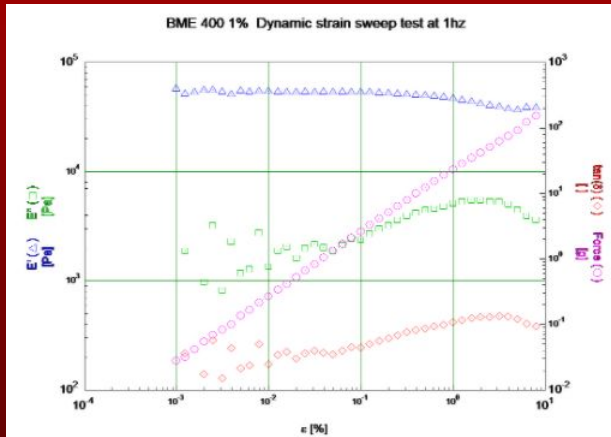


Figure 2. Previous DMA data of 1% alginate

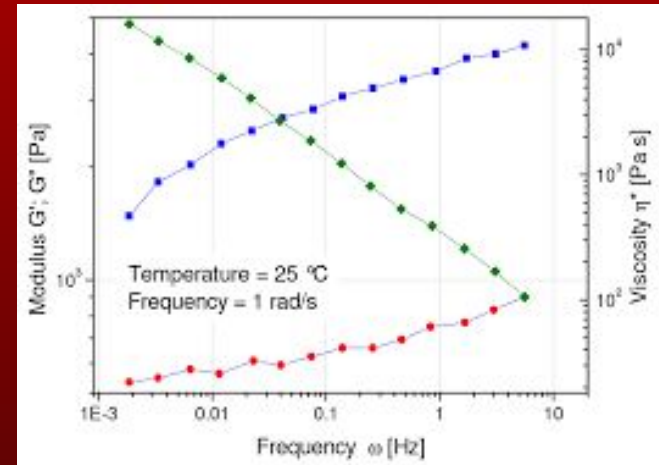


Figure 3. Sample expected rheometry data  
[http://www.tainstruments.com/pdf/literature/AAN016\\_V1\\_U\\_StructFluids.pdf](http://www.tainstruments.com/pdf/literature/AAN016_V1_U_StructFluids.pdf)

# Updated Container

- Updated shape with CT scans provided of skull and neck via MeshMixer  
→ 3D print
- Incorporate sinuses/fluids into model

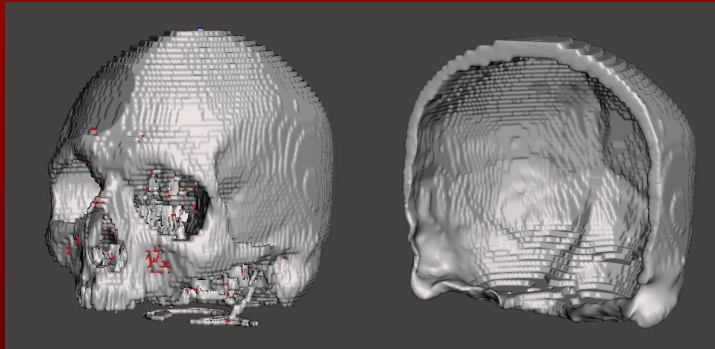


Figure 4. Container creation in MeshMixer

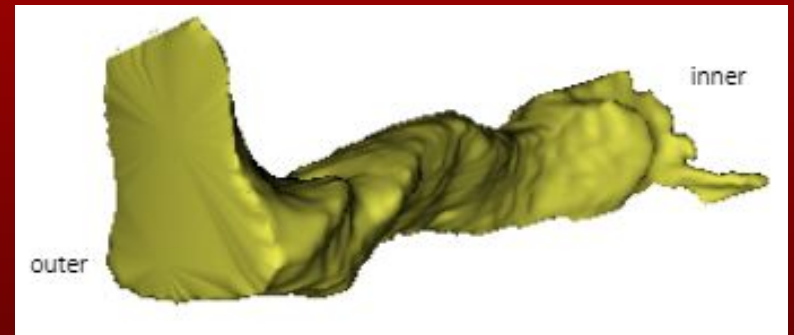


Figure 5. Isolated internal acoustic canal in 3DSlicer



# Future Steps

## Materials:

- Obtain polyacrylamide - hoping to work with Dr. Masters
- Find procedure to obtain ideal biomimicry
- Bring samples for rheometry testing
- Reiterate as needed

(Alex, Evan, Joe)

## Container:

- Create new shape in MeshMixer with CT scans
- Use alginate until PA is available
- Work on phase issues
- Incorporate more advanced features

(Kurt, Payton)

# Acknowledgements

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- Anna Kiyanova
- Robert Moskwa

# References

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- [2] A. Denisin and B. Pruitt, "Tuning the Range of Polyacrylamide Gel Stiffness for Mechanobiology Applications", *ACS Applied Materials & Interfaces*, vol. 8, no. 34, pp. 21893-21902, 2016. Available: [10.1021/acsami.5b09344](https://doi.org/10.1021/acsami.5b09344).
- [3] TA Instruments, 2021. *Frequency sweep on a simulated fuel material*. [image].