



DEPARTMENT OF  
**Biomedical Engineering**  
UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON

Adaptive Rowing Machine

Preliminary Presentation February 25th, 2022

Client: Ms. Staci Quam

Advisor: Dr. John Puccinelli, Lab Section 305

# Team Members



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# Overview of Presentation

- Client Introduction
- Problem Statement
- Background Knowledge
- Competing Designs
- PDS
- Design Ideas and Design Matrix
- Preliminary Design
- Future Work



# Client Introduction

- Ms. Staci Quam
- Mechanical Engineer and Biomech Lab Lead at Johnson Health Tech



**MATRIX**

[1][2]

# Problem Statement

- Individuals in wheelchairs have trouble utilizing exercise equipment
- Improvement needed for accessibility to adapted machines
- A standard Matrix rowing machine [3] will be adapted
- User safety must be ensured during interactions



[3]

# Motivation

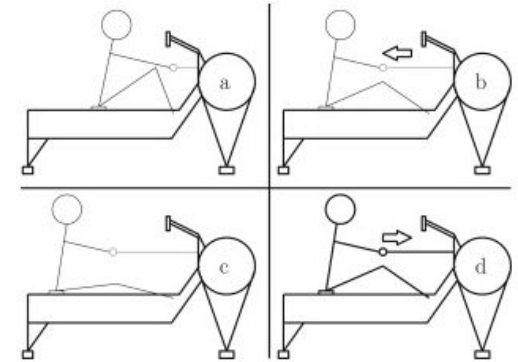
- Exercise machines at fitness centers lack adaptive equipment [4]
- Some adaptive machines force users to leave wheelchairs [4]
- Reversible ergometers not found readily in the market. Concept 2 has ability to permanently switch to adapted form [5]



[5]

# Physiological Research

- Wheelchair users engage upper body and shoulder complex through daily activities [6]
- Pain in shoulder region is a common complaint [6]
- Consistent exercise is essential to prevent pain [6]
- A rowing exercise activates numerous muscle groups [7]
- 4 phases of the exercise [8]:
  - Catch (a)
  - Drive (b)
  - Finish (c)
  - Recovery (d)



[9]

# Competing Designs: Adaptive Rowing Machine (AROW)

- Designed by researchers at BCIT
- Specifically for Concept 2
- Design and fabrication instructions are free



[5]



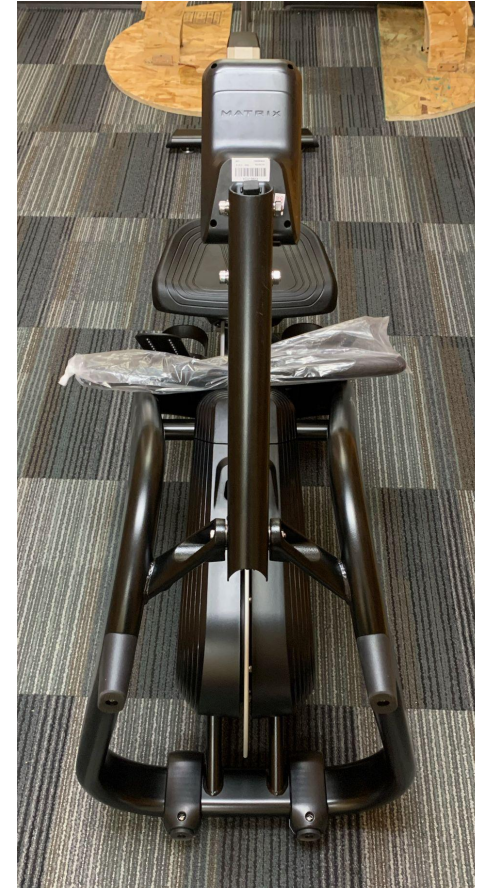
# Product Design Specifications

- Minimal outside assistance
- Withstands at least 10 years of usage - 8 million meters [10]
- Adaptations allow users to stay in wheelchair
- Normal rowing motion is preserved - 4 rowing phases
- Safety mechanisms to prevent tipping
- Ideally, the ergometer can be adjusted for usage by non-wheelchair individuals
- \$200 R&D budget

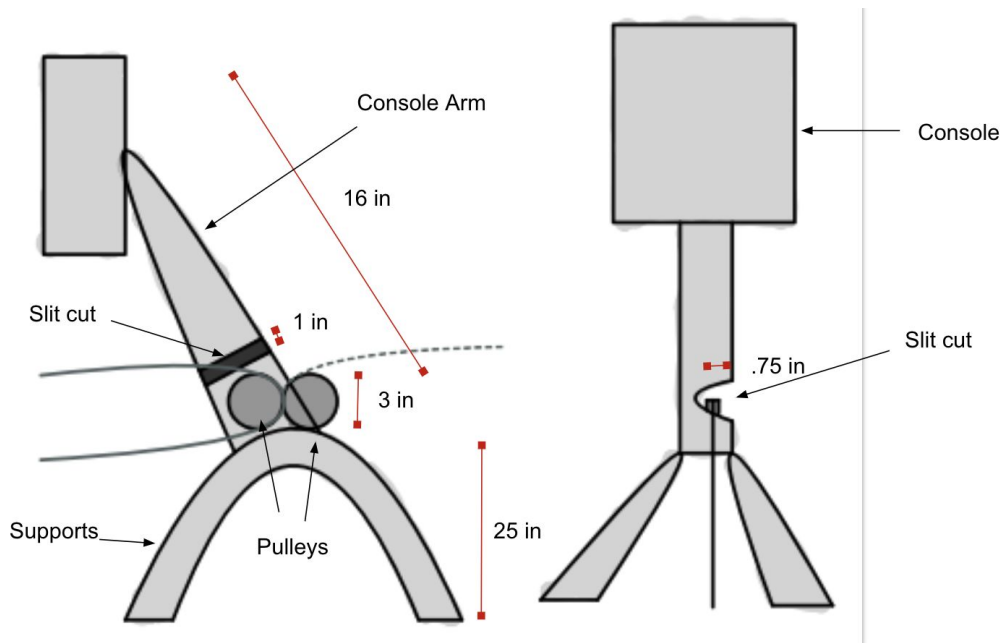
# Matrix Rower



[3]



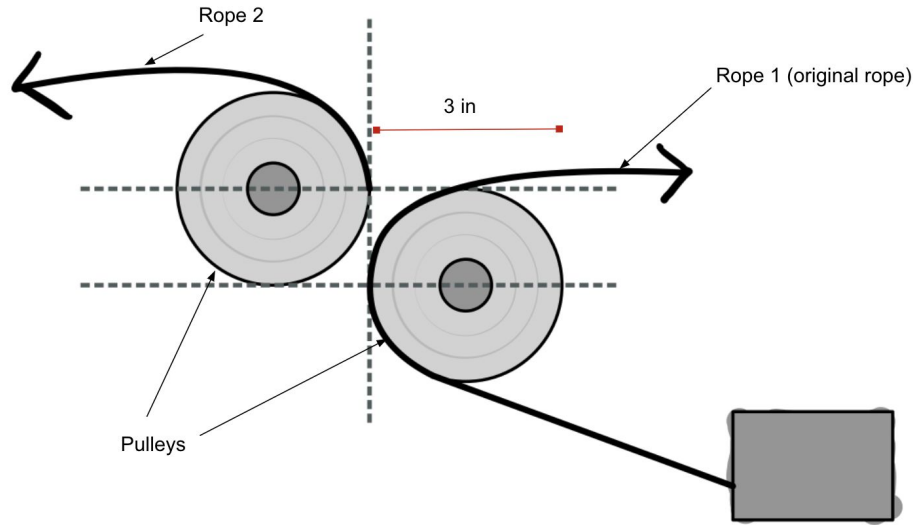
# Pulley Design 1: 2 Pulleys with Slit



Note: Drawings not to scale

- Use 2 pulleys at same height
- Slit cut into console arm allows for transition of rope
- Only uses 1 rope, so requires moving the rope from one side to the other

# Pulley Design 2: 2 Pulleys With 2 Ropes

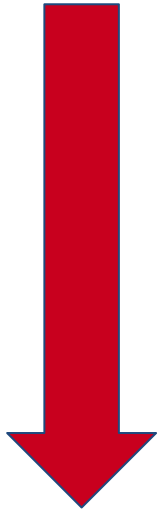


Note: Drawings not to scale

- Uses 2 pulleys
- Includes 2 ropes and 2 handlebars, one on regular side and one on adaptive side
- Would require adding another coiling mechanism for the second rope

# Pulley Design Criteria

Higher  
Weighting



Lower  
Weighting

**User Stability / Safety (25%)**

**Ease of Fabrication (25%)**

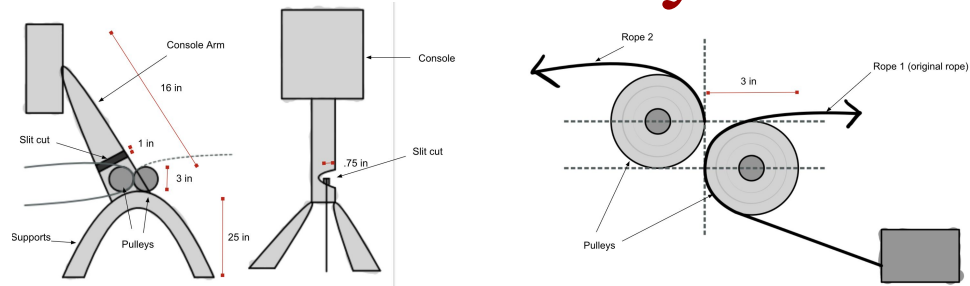
**Ease of Use / Ergonomics (20%)**

**Versatility (10%)**

**Durability (10%)**

**Cost (10%)**

# Design Matrix For Pulleys

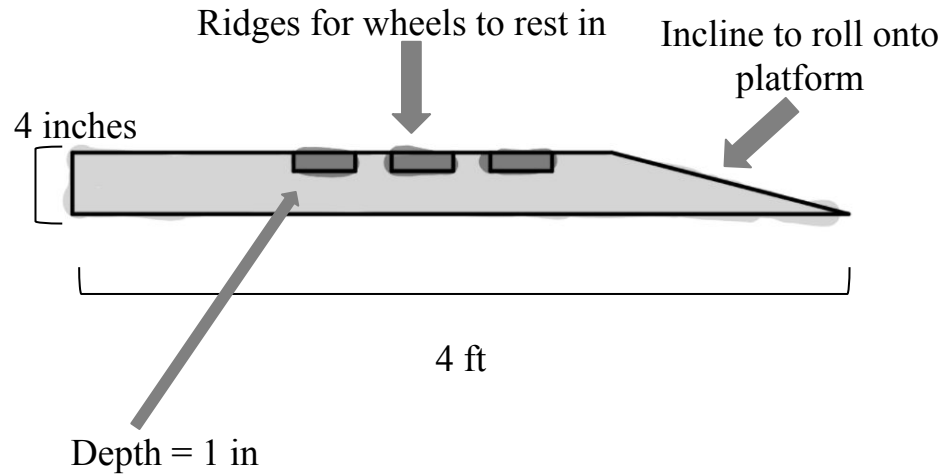


	2 Pulleys With Slit		2 Pulleys With 2 Ropes	
Criteria				
User Stability / Safety (25%)	4/5	20	5/5	25
Ease of Fabrication (25%)	4/5	20	2/5	10
Ease of Use / Ergonomics (20%)	4/5	16	5/5	20
Versatility (10%)	5/5	10	5/5	10
Durability (10%)	5/5	10	5/5	10
Cost (10%)	5/5	10	3/5	6
<b>Total</b>		<b>86</b>		<b>81</b>



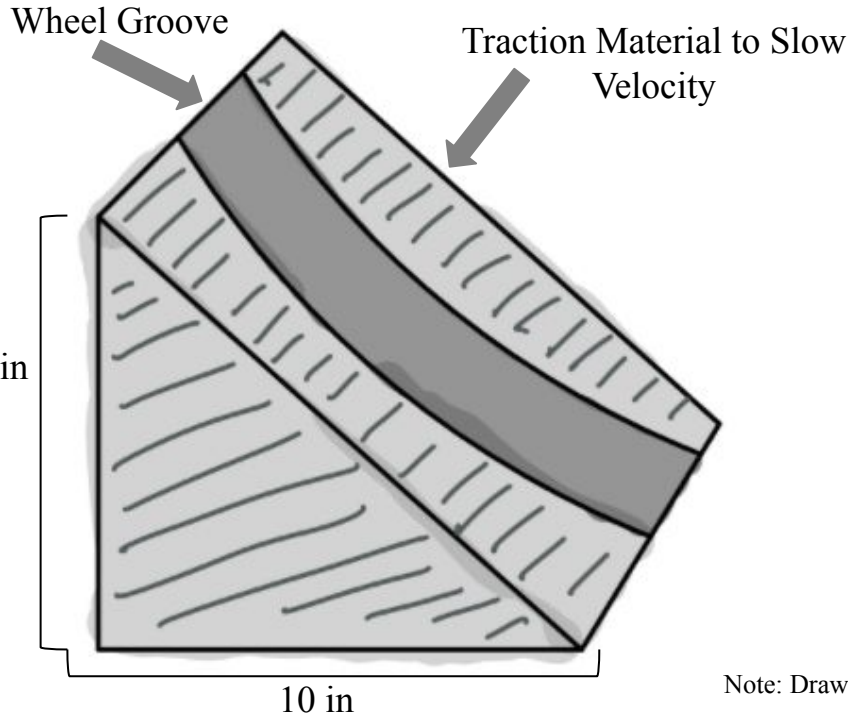
# Stability Design 1: Highway Ridges

- Similar to current designs at Johnson Health Tech
- Least complex to fabricate
- Easy for user to roll up into platform ridges
- Possibly less effective at preventing forward/backward tipping



Note: Drawings not to scale

# Stability Design 2: Traction Blocks

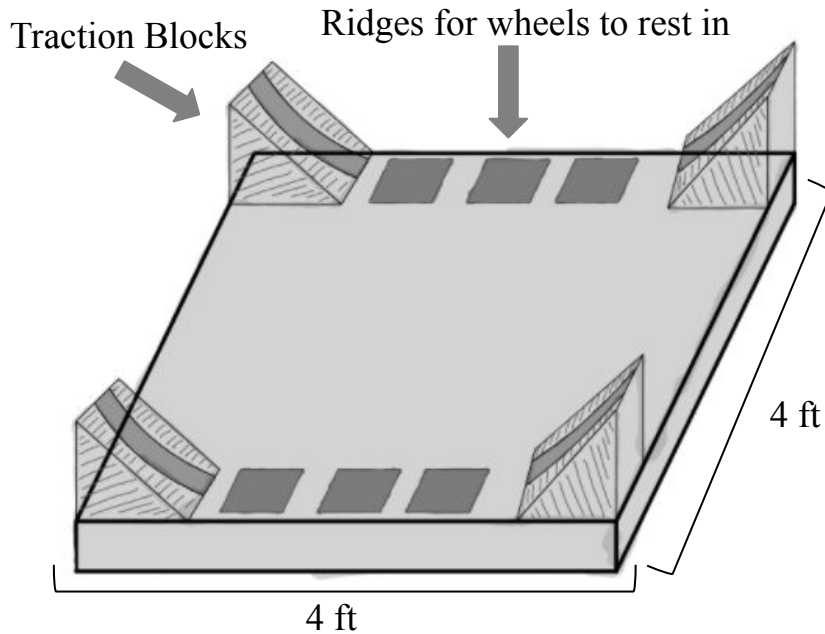


Note: Drawings not to scale

- Allows for “recoil” motion to prevent forward/backward tipping
- More complex fabrication due addition of traction material
- Requires outside assistance to insert blocks once user in place



# Stability Design 3: Combined Design

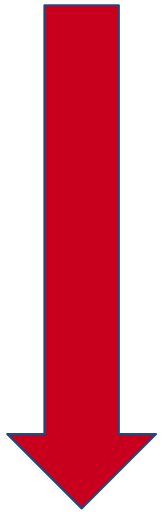


Note: Drawings not to scale

- Prevents forward/backward rotation
- Most costly and complex to fabricate
- Possible redundancy in preventing translation
- Requires outside assistance to insert traction blocks

# Stability Design Criteria

Higher  
Weighting



Lower  
Weighting

**User Stability / Safety (25%)**

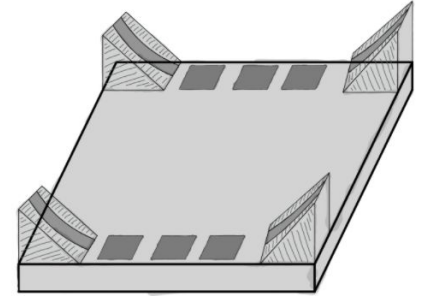
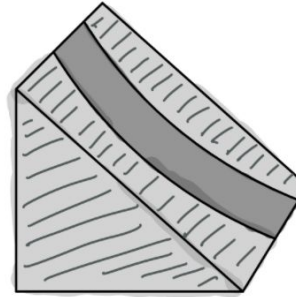
**Ease of Fabrication (25%)**

**Ease of Use / Ergonomics (20%)**

**Durability (15%)**

**Cost (15%)**

# Design Matrix



	Highway Ridges		Traction Blocks		Combined Design	
Criteria						
User Stability / Safety (25%)	4/5	20	4/5	20	5/5	25
Ease of Fabrication (25%)	5/5	25	4/5	20	3/5	15
Ease of Use / Ergonomics (20%)	5/5	20	3/5	12	3/5	12
Durability (15%)	5/5	15	4/5	12	4/5	12
Cost (15%)	5/5	15	4/5	12	3/5	9
<b>Total</b>	<b>95</b>		<b>76</b>		<b>73</b>	

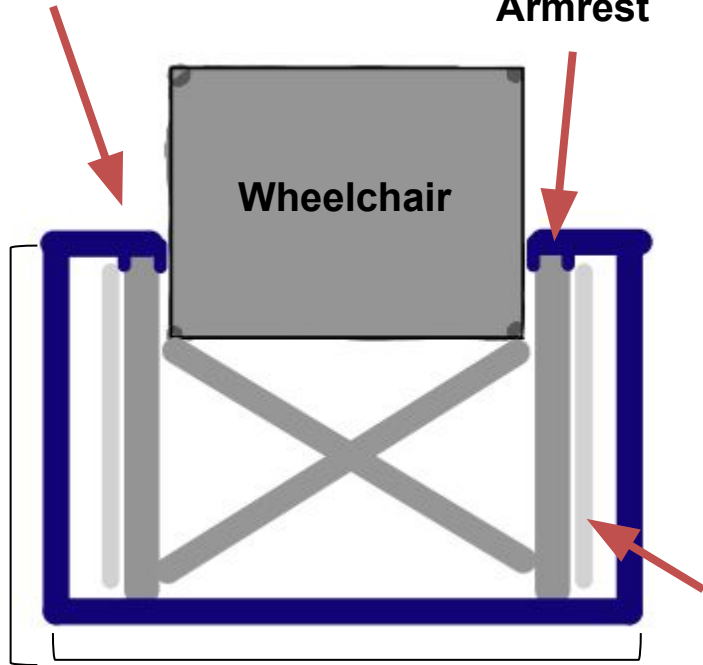
# Side Handle Bars

Locking Mechanism

Armrest

Wheelchair

2.5 ft



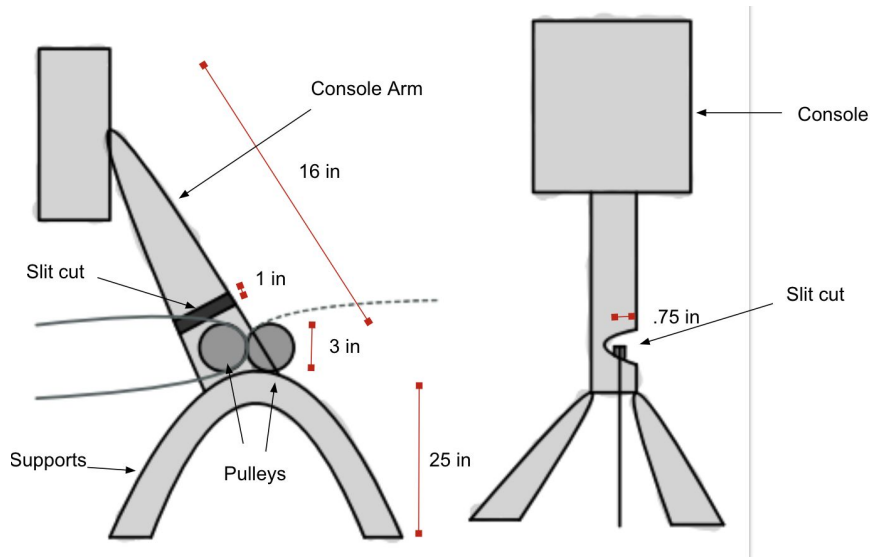
- Will be used in tangent with other designs
- Additional support
- Locks into armrests of wheelchair
- Prevents lateral rotation/tipping

Wheels

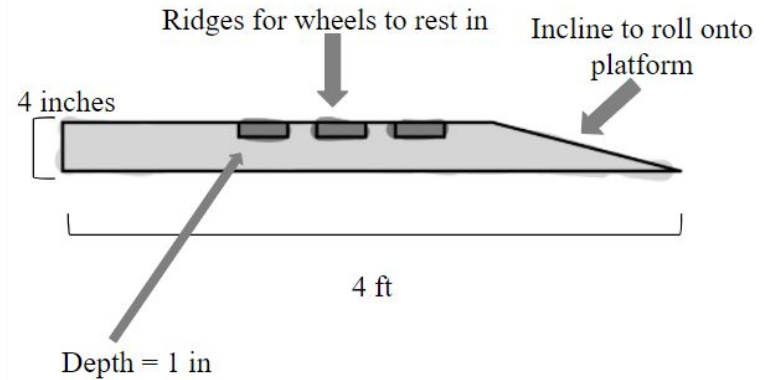
3.5 ft

Note: Drawings not to scale

# Preliminary Design



- 2 Pulleys With Slit
  - Ergonomics and affordability
- Highway Ridges
  - Ease of fabrication/use



# Future Work

- Create CAD files of final designs
- Present designs to client for approval
- Source materials (JHT materials)
- Begin fabrication



# Acknowledgements

Thank you to our advisor and teacher - Dr. Puccinelli

Thank you to our client - Ms. Staci Quam



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